

# High-Precision Advanced Tuning Fork Balance

# L N Series

# **Operation Manual**

# IMPORTANT

- To ensure safe and proper use of the balance, please read this manual carefully.
- After reading this manual, store it in a safe place near the balance, so you can review it as needed.

# SHINKO DENSHI CO., LTD.

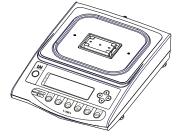
Thank you for purchasing an LN Series electronic balance.

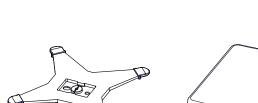
This balance is equipped with a high precision mechanism. It provides parts counting, percentage weighing, and limit functions helpful in weighing a certain amount, and has various other functions. This advanced balance employs a user-friendly program, and the key arrangement is also easy to operate. In addition, the fluorescent display is eye-friendly, and its high-speed, stable performance improves your work efficiency.

(2) Pan Base

#### Check for the following accessories before use.

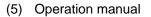
(1) Main Unit





LN210001~310001 : beforehand installed at factory

(4) AC adapter



(6) Wind shield panel(5pcs.)

(3) Pan







% for 220g~620g Capacity model

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#### **Precautions Relating to Use** 1

- This Section "Precautions Relating to Use" sets forth precautionary notes that the user should observe in order to prevent physical injury to the user and/or damage to property.
- The nature of problems that may result in the event of improper operation, and consequential effects on the quality and performance of the balance, are indicated under the two categories of "Caution" and "Recommended," and explained using symbols.



Recommended

This is a category to indicate improper handling that may cause physical injury or severe damage to property. Be sure to follow the directions for safe use to avoid serious consequences.

This term indicates steps that the user should take to ensure the quality and reliability of the balance.

# Meanings of Symbols

Each symbol is accompanied by an instruction.

- : Indicates a "mandatory" action that should be executed without fail.
  - : Indicates a "prohibited" action that must not be executed.



Example

Prohibitive Symbol

Do Not Use



Mandatory Symbol







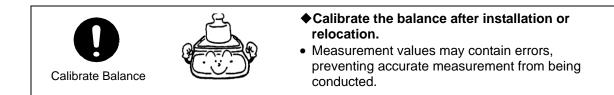


# Do not disassemble or modify the unit.

- Could cause malfunction or heat generation
- Only AC power should be used. Only use the dedicated AC adapter.
- Use of other types of power or adapters may result in heat generation or malfunction of the balance.
- Do not move the balance when a sample is loaded.
- The loaded sample may fall off the pan and cause an injury.

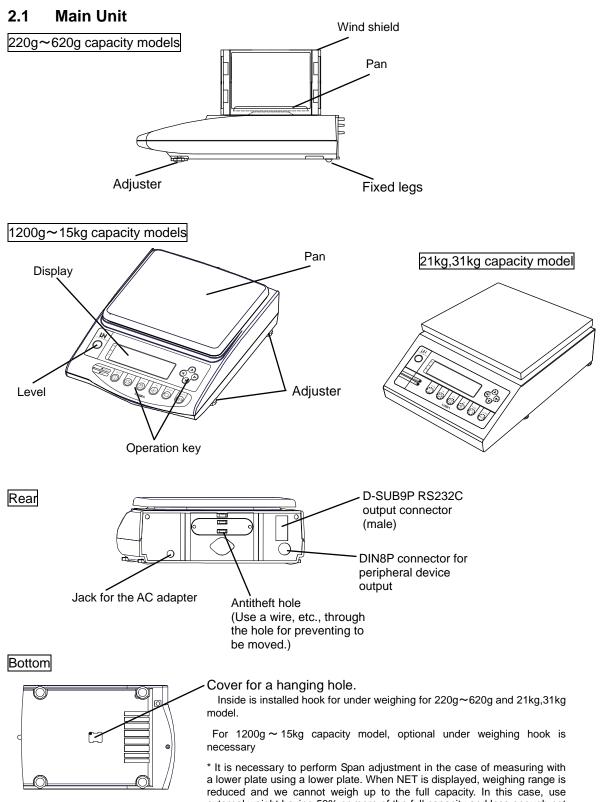
Do Not Use	<ul> <li>Do not place the balance on an unstable base or use the balance in a location where it may be subjected to shock.</li> <li>The loaded sample may fall off the pan.</li> <li>Accurate measurement may be rendered impossible.</li> </ul>
Do Not Drop	<ul> <li>Do not lay the AC adapter cable on the surface of the passage.</li> <li>Somebody may trip on the cable, causing the balance to fall off, thereby causing injury and/or damage to the balance.</li> </ul>
Do Not Leave Afloat	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance with its adjusters lifted.</li> <li>The balance will become unstable, preventing accurate measurement.</li> </ul>
Don't touch with wet hand	<ul> <li>Do not touch the AC adapter or balance with wet hands.</li> <li>Danger of electric shock.</li> </ul>
Don't make it wet	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance in a location were it may be subjected to excess moisture.</li> <li>Electric shock or short-circuiting could occur.</li> <li>The balance may be corroded, with resultant malfunction.</li> </ul>
Avoid excess dust	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance in a location where it may be subjected to excess dust.</li> <li>Risk of explosion or fire.</li> <li>Short-circuit or lack of continuity may occur, leading to a malfunction of the balance.</li> </ul>

# Recommended



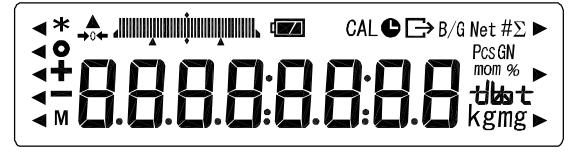
Do Not Apply Force	<ul> <li>Avoid applying excess force or impact to the balance.</li> <li>Place the sample to be measured on the balance carefully to prevent breakage or malfunction.</li> </ul>
Do Not Use	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance in a location were it may be subjected to abrupt changes in ambient temperature or humidity.</li> <li>Accurate measurement may be rendered impossible.</li> <li>Use the balance in an ambient temperature range of 5°C to 35°C and with 80% or lower relative humidity.</li> </ul>
Do Not Overload	<ul> <li>Do not leave the balance overloaded (When it is overloaded, (<u>o</u> - E r r) is displayed).</li> <li>Take down the loaded sample immediately to prevent breakage or malfunction.</li> </ul>
Do Not Use	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance in a location where it is subject to direct sunlight.</li> <li>The indications would be illegible.</li> <li>An internal temperature increase in the balance may lead to inaccurate measurement.</li> </ul>
Unplug Adapter	<ul> <li>If the balance is to be unused for an extended period of time, unplug the adapter.</li> <li>This conserves power and prevents deterioration.</li> </ul>
Do Not Use	<ul> <li>Do not use volatile solvents for cleaning.</li> <li>The body may be distorted.</li> <li>To clean the unit of stains, use a piece of dry cloth or cloth soaked in a small quantity of neutral detergent.</li> </ul>
Do Not Use	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance in a location where it may be subject to air from an air-conditioning unit.</li> <li>Extreme changes in the ambient temperature may result in inaccurate measurements.</li> </ul>
Do Not Use	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance on a soft floor.</li> <li>When loaded with a sample, the balance may tip or move, preventing accurate measurements from being conducted.</li> </ul>
Check Level	<ul> <li>Do not use the balance when it is tilted.</li> <li>When the balance is tilted, an error may be caused, preventing accurate measurement from being conducted. Place the balance on a level surface.</li> </ul>

# 2 Names of Component Parts



external weight having 50% or more of the full capacity and less enough not to show "  $\Box = E - - =$  " for such adjustment or test.

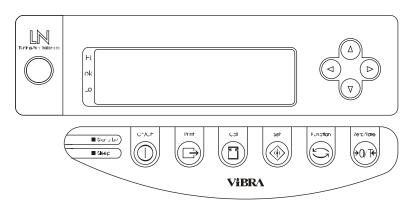
# 2.2 Displayed Signs and Operation Keys



#### 2.2.1 Displayed signs

Display	Description	
kg g	Kilogram, gram	
→0←	Zero-point	
_	Minus	
Net	Tare sign	
B/G	Gross weight	
0	Indication of stable balance (If this light is off, the balance is unstable.)	
*	Indicates that the addition function is enabled for accepting an additional load.	
Pcs	Parts counting	
GN	Grain unit	
%	Percentage weighing	
#	Unit converting	
Σ	Displays a sum total.	
Ð	Displayed when data is output in compliance with ISO/GLP/GMP.	
C	Lights up when date/time is being set or displayed. Blinks during interval output.	
▲	Judgment result display when the limit function is used	
mom	Momme	
М	Indicates that the value is set in memory (If it is flashing, the value is being saved.)	
CAL	Lights or blinks upon span adjustment or when Advice CAL is in operation.	
	<ul> <li>Bar graph (Refer to Hints on page 42).</li> </ul>	
tlast	Displays a set unit.	
	Battery indicator. As the battery gets weaker, the sign is changed into [ [] ] or [ [] ]. (Refer to Section 15: Operate on Batteries on page 71).	

# 2.2.2 Operation keys and their functions



Operation key		Function
	On/Off key	Turns the balance on or off.
$\bigcirc$	Print key	Starts output. Also used to cancel the operation to set date/time.
	Set key	[Short press] Starts the setting a count or a percent. [Continuous press] Starts the setting of a limit value when the limit function is enabled.
$\bigcirc$	Function key	[Short press] Switches the measurement mode. [Short press] Used to enter numerical values. [Short press] Used to select a function to set. [Continuous press] Calls functions.
<i>⇒</i> 0/T€	Zero/Tare key	[Short press] Used for zero-setting or sets the display to zero by tare range. [Short press] Used to enter numerical values. [Short press] Used to select a function.
	Cal key	Starts span adjustment or a span test.
	Arrow keys	The arrow keys function in the same way as the Function key or the Zero/Tare key when you set a function or enter numerical values for additional functions.
LED (green)	Stand by	Lights up when the power is off (standby). * The LED does not light up when the balance is operated on batteries.
LED (orange)	Sleep	Lights up when the auto sleep function is enabled.

# **3** Installation of the Balance and Operation Check

#### 3.1 Installation

1 Attach the pan base and pan to the main unit.	Attach the pan base to the main unit. Be sure that the "FRONT" indication is on the display side when attaching the pan base. Align the bosses on the body with the holes on the pan base before fastening the screws. After attaching the pan base, put the pan on it.
2 Level the balance. Position of the air bubble in the level	Turn the adjusters so that the air bubble of the level is within the red circle. <caution> Be sure that none of the adjusters is lifted from the floor.</caution>
3 Connect the AC adapter.	Connect the AC adapter to the balance.
Jack for the AC adapter	<caution> (Refer to Section 15, "Operate on Batteries," on page 71 if the battery option is employed.)</caution>

# 3.2 Windshield setting (for 220g~620g capacity models)

1. Set a small panel in a large panel.

An edge with step should face the same side.

- step step

2. Set the other panel in the assembly above.

3. Place the windshield along the guide.



# 3.3 Operation Check

### 3.3.1 Turn the power on and off and check the display

	Connect the AC adapter. The balance enters standby mode, and the Stand by lamp (LED) lights up. Press the On/Off key. When the display is turned on, check it for any missing signs.
Check changes of the display.	Give the pan a slight press, and check that the display is changed. Check that the display goes back to zero when you lift your hand.
Stand by ■	Press the On/Off key again. The balance enters standby mode, and the Stand by lamp (LED) lights up.

#### 3.2.2 Set a Tare Weight

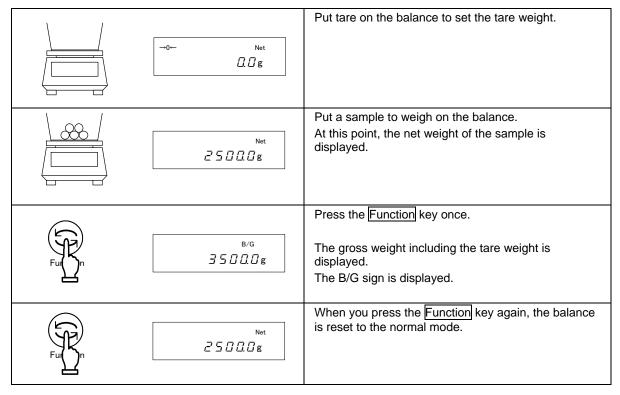
1 Put tare (container) on the balance.	Put tare on the balance, and the weight is displayed.
2 Reset the display to 0.	Press the Zero/Tare key.
→0 T ← Net Zer Pre	The tare weight is set, and the display is reset to zero.
3 Put a sample on the balance.	The net weight of the sample in the container is displayed.
№t / 15 ∃ Д 7 g	

# ☆ Weigh additional samples

4 Reset the display to 0.	Press the Zero/Tare key.
→0, Te	The gross weight of the sample on the pan is reset to
Zer Pre	0.
5 Put an additional sample on the balance.	The weight of the additional sample is displayed. In this way, you can add a sample and weigh it by pressing the Zero/Tare key to reset the displayed weight to 0.

#### 3.2.3 Display a gross weight

This is the function to display gross weight of samples with tare. Sample weight with tare is referred to as gross weight, and sample weight excluding tare is referred to as net weight. Gross weight can only be displayed when the balance is used as a weighing machine.



# Caution:

- 1. Gross weight can only be displayed when the balance functions as a weighing machine.
- 2. While gross weight is displayed, you cannot set the tare. You can only adjust the zero-point.

#### ☆ Hints ☆

The following description applies commonly to the weighing machine, parts counting, percentage weighing, unit converting, and gravimeter functions.

 A small amount of current is still flowing after the balance is turned off. In a standby state, the Stand by lamp (LED) is lit. When the balance is turned on, the LED goes out.

\* The LED does not light up when the balance is operated on batteries.

- 2. The bar graph indicates the current load condition in relation to the weighing capacity. As the load approaches the weighing capacity, the bar gets closer to the right end.
  - \* When a tare range is set, the weight is still reflected in the bar graph even if the display indicates 0.
- 3. When the balance is stable, a circle is displayed. When it gets unstable, the sign goes out. When the balance is affected by wind or vibration, numeric values on the display may flicker or the "stable" sign may go out. In such a case, reset Function1 (refer to page 13) to improve the stability by referring to the following table.

	Items of Function1					
Influence of wind or	Stability Judgment	Response Speed	Setting the lowest digit of display for Unit A (B)			
vibration	ዳ 5.ፈ	5. r E.	[b2, dR]			
			[b Ч, ₫b]			
Small	1	1	/			
	2	2	2			
	З	3	3			
<b>↓</b>	Ч	Ч	ч			
Large		5	5			

If the influence of the wind or vibration is small, set these setting items of Function1 higher. Set these items lower as the influence is increased.



Unstable

Stable

4. When you reset the display to 0 or set a tare range, the display indicates 0, and the  $[\rightarrow 0\leftarrow]$  sign is displayed. When you set a tare range, the [Net] sign is displayed.



\* When the zero-point deviates from the true zero-point by one fourth of a division, the  ${\to}0{\leftarrow}$  sign goes out

\* When you set a tare range, the display indicates 0, and the Net sign is displayed.

- 5. When a tare range is set, the weighing capacity is reduced accordingly. Weighting capacity = original weighing capacity tare weight
- 6. When [□ E -] is displayed after an object is put on the balance, it indicates that the weighing capacity is exceeded.
- 7. When you remove the pan, and the zero-point falls bellow the original zero-point, [⊥ E -] is displayed.
- 8. With any of the parts counting function, percentage weighing function, or unit converting function, the display still indicates zero when you press the pan unless any weight data of a sample is stored in the memory.
- 9. When you turn on the balance, it starts in the mode when it was turned off. For example, if you turn off the balance in the parts counting mode, it starts in the parts counting mode when it is turned on the next time.

# 4.1 Setting and Check

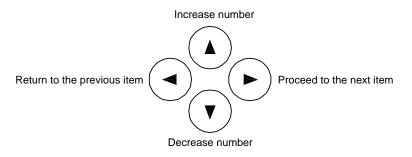
1. Call Function 1.	Keep pressing the Function key. When the display is changed to $[F \sqcup n \downarrow c]$ , release the key. Now you can set Function1. The first setting item is displayed [ $\begin{pmatrix} l & 5 \not l \not k & l \end{pmatrix}$ . (Refer to Section 4.2: Description of Function1 on page 13.)
2. Select the next setting item.	Every time you press the Function key, you are moved one item forward.
3. Change settings.	Every time you press the Zero/Tare key, the value in the right end is changed. Make appropriate settings.
4. Complete the setting of functions.	Press the <u>Set</u> key, or press the <u>Function</u> key several times until the balance enters the measurement mode. The setting of functions is completed, and the balance goes back into the measurement mode.

\* The setting values of Function1 are held after the power is turned off.

# Function setting using the arrow keys

Using the arrow keys located on the right side of the display can make function setting operations easier.

You can use the arrow keys instead of the Zero/Tare key or the Function key when any Function1 item is displayed. The arrow keys can be used as shown in the following figure:



#### **Description of Function1** 4.2

	Item		Set Valu	е		Description	n
We	ighing Mode	L	5 <i>E E</i> .	* 1 2 3 4 5 6	Parts counting ( Percentage wei measuring) Unit converting Gravimeter (me	asurement of specific g	ght measuring) neasuring and weight and weight measuring)
r the r.	Media	11	ПЕД	<u>*∏</u> /	Water Any liquid other		
Displayed for the gravimeter.	Output data	12.	ದವರ	<u>∻∏</u> /	Only a specific Specific gravity, gravity of the m	weight, and water tem	perature or the specific
Disp	Auto output	13	Ra	<u>☆[]</u> /	Output once aft	key is used for output) er a specific gravity me	asurement.
Additi	ional Functions	2.	SEL	0☆   	Disable addition Addition functio Limit function Addition and lim	n ⇒ [2 <i>[. R.d.П.</i> ]	Refer to Section 4.3, Additional Functions
	Auto-Zero ero Tracking)	Э.	RD	 ☆ /	Disable Enable	Functions to automatic point deviation.	cally adjust for a slight zero-
Stab	ility Judgment	પ	5.d.	ן 2* 3 4	Wide (Mild) ↓ Narrow (Strict)		
Res	ponse Speed	5.	r E.	□ 1 2 ★3 4 5	+		js
	Interface	5.	ιF.	□ ☆ / 2 	Stop input/outp Numeric 6-digit Numeric 7-digit Extended 7-digi Special format	format	Refer to Section 4.4: Interface.
Sp	ecial formats	5.	( <i>F</i> . Ч	Ч 1 Ч 2	Special format1 Special format2		Displayed when the setting is [ゟ. ゖ゚゚. ᠲ].
-	n Adjustment Span Test	7	ER.	□ ☆1 / 2 ☆2 ∃ 4	Disable the Cal key.         Span adjustment with built-in weight (Auto-span adjustment)         Displayed only on the Span test with built-in weight         Span adjustment with external weight		Displayed only on the LN**R series balance.

A star ( $\ddagger$ ) denotes a factory setting.  $\ddagger$ 1 denotes a factory setting for the LN\*\*R series, and  $\ddagger$ 2 denotes a factory setting for the LN series.

Item	Set Valu	ie	Description
		Β	No display
Bar Graph	<i>8. b.C</i> .	☆ /	Displays the bar graph
Auto Power Off	9. R.P.	 ☆ /	Disable (for continuous use)Available only whenEnable (the power is turned off 3 minutes later)operated on batteries.
Auto sleep	R R <u>S</u>	 ☆ /	Disable The balance goes into sleep mode 3 minutes later when it is operated on AC power.
Unit A	ьι цЯ	* / 2 7 5 6 7 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 6 2 6	[g] [kg] [ct] (ct) [07] (cz) [b] ((b) [07] (cz) [dv,t] ((cz) [dv,t] ((cz) [dv
Unit A Min. indication setting	62. d.R	* 1 2 3 4 5	Fine ↓ Rough
Unit B	b3. ub	*0 7 7 5 6 7 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 9 7 8 6 7 8 8 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	None         [g]         [kg]         [CC] ] (ct)         [OZ] ] (oz)         [DZ] ] (oz)         [DZ] ] (oz)         [DZ] ] (oz)         [OZ] ] (dwt)         [ON] ] (grain)         [H] ] (tl_Hong Kong)         [H] ▶ Upper right] (tl_Singapore,Malaysia)         [H] ▶ Lower right] (tl_Taiwan)         [mom]         [TO] ] (to)
Unit B Min. indication setting	64 db	* 1 2 3 4 5	Fine $\downarrow$ To be displayed when [ $\underline{b} \ \underline{\beta} \ \underline{a} \ \underline{b}$ ] is other than [ $\underline{\beta}$ ]. Rough

A star ( $\Rightarrow$ ) denotes a factory setting.  $\Rightarrow$ 1 denotes a factory setting for the LN series, and  $\Rightarrow$ 2 denotes a factory setting for the LN\*\*R series.

	Item	Set \	'alue	Description
۸d	Advice CAL		<b>☆1</b> []	Disable
Au	ALE CAL	d. 8d.C	° ☆2 /	Enable
	liance with	E. GLF	☆□	Disable
ISO/	GLP/GMP		1	Enable
	Output of CAL and		Π	Disable
Displayed when [ <i>E. L L P</i> ] is [ <i>1</i> ].	span test results	Εί ους	☆ /	Enable
P][d	Data		☆□	Disable
splay 51 L	compliant with GLP	E2. od.	1	Enable
Dis Dis	Printed		☆ /	English
	Language	Е <u>З</u> . Р.Г.	2	Japanese (Katakana)
		F. dREE	1	Output in Year-Month-Day format.
Date	e Display		2	Output in Month-Day-Year format.
			\$ <u>3</u>	Output in Day-Month-Year format.
Time Stamp Output		ū. t.a	☆□	Disable
Time S	tamp Output	Б. Е.а.	1	Outputs time together with measurement data.
			1	Reset the display to 0 immediately after the Zero/Tare key is
Set T	are Range	K ER		pressed.
	-		☆₽	Reset the display to 0 when the balance is stabilized after the Zero/Tare key is pressed.
C+/	Store Tare		☆∏	Disable
Sto			1	Enable
Dir	Direct Start		☆[]	The balance goes into the standby mode when the AC adapter is plugged in.
			1	The balance is turned on when the AC adapter is plugged in.

# 4.3 Additional Functions

Displayed when  $[\underline{2}, 5\underline{2}\underline{1}]$  is other than  $[\underline{2}]$ .

Item	Set Valu	le	Description
Condition	2 L E a.	☆ / 2	Always judge (even when the balance is unstable). Judge only when the balance is stable.
Range to Cover	22. L I	 ⇒ (	Above +5 ticks is covered in the judgment. (The range +5 ticks or less is not covered for judgment including negative values.) Full range judgment (including negative values)
Point Scale	23 P.	 ☆2 	1-point scale (OK/LO) 2-point scale (HI/OK/LO) 3-point scale (scale of 1 to 4) 4-point scale (scale of 1 to 5)
Judge by	24 ESP.	\ ☆ 2	Judge by absolute values. Judge by deviation values.
Buzzer for rank 1	25. bu.l	☆[] /	Buzzer is turned off for rank 1 (LO). Buzzer turns on for rank 1 (LO).
Buzzer for rank 2	26. 642	<u>⊹[</u> /	Buzzer is turned off for rank 2 (OK). Buzzer turns on for rank 2 (OK).
Buzzer for rank 3	27. 643	☆[] /	Buzzer is turned off for rank 3 (HI). Buzzer turns on for rank 3 (HI).
Buzzer for rank 4	28. 64.4	<u>☆[]</u> /	Buzzer is turned off for rank 4. Buzzer turns on for rank 4.
Buzzer for rank 5	29. 645	☆[] /	Buzzer is turned off for rank 5. Buzzer turns on for rank 5.
How to Indicate Results	2R. L.G.		Displays HI, OK, LO, or the rank. Bar graph for the 2-point scale (Available only when you select the 2-point scale)
Relay output control *1	2b. r.o.c.	1 ☆ 2	Output all the time (independently of external signal input). Controlled by an external input signal.
Addition operation *2	2E. R.d.N.	☆ 2	Cumulate function Net addition function

\*1 Set [2 b. r.o.c. 2] when the limit contact output option or the full pack option is used. Otherwise, use

[26. r.o.c. /].

\*2 Displayed when  $[\underline{2}, 5\underline{2}\underline{2}]$  is [1] or  $[\underline{3}]$ .

# 4.4 Interface

Displayed when  $[\underline{\beta}_{\cdot} \quad l \not\in .]$  is  $[l \not\sim \forall]$ .

Item	Set	Value	Description
		8	Stop output
		1	Output continuously at all times
		2	Output continuously if stable (Stop output if unstable)
		3	Output once when the Print key is pressed (regardless of whether the balance is stable or unstable).
		Ч	Output once when the balance is stable. After any sample is lifted causing the display to show zero or less value, outputs the next time any sample is put on again and the balance is stabilized.
Output Control	Бί α.с.	5	Output once when the balance is stable. Stop output when unstable. Outputs once when the balance is stabilized again (including the zero point) even if it is not reloaded.
		5	Output once when the balance is stable. Output continuously when unstable. Output is stopped after a single output when the balance is stable even if it is not reloaded.
		\$7	Output once when the Print key is pressed if the balance is stable.
		R	Output once immediately after a specified interval.
		Ь	Output once immediately after a specified interval if the balance is stable.
		☆ /	1200 bps
		2	2400 bps
Baud Rate	62. b.L.	3	4800 bps
		Ч	9600 bps
		5	19200 bps
		*[]	None
Parity	63 PR	1	Odd Displayed when $[\underline{5}, \ell F]$ is set to $[\underline{2}$ to $\forall$ ].
		2	Even
		7	7 bits
Data Length	БЧ <i>d.L</i> .	*8	8 bits
Stop Bits	+	1	Displayed when $[\underline{5}, \langle F \rangle]$ is set to $[\underline{3}, \forall]$ .
	65.5 <i>L</i> .	☆2	2 bits
		 ☆[]	Embed 0 (30H).
Unused Higher Digits	55. un		Filled by space characters (20H).
		_ ☆ /	The A00 and Exx responses are used.
Response Commands	57 r.E	5. 2	The ACK and NAK responses are used.

A star ( $\Rightarrow$ ) denotes a factory setting.

\* The data output interval is 0.1 to 1 second for continuous output. (The interval varies with the measurement conditions, etc.)

#### 1 Call Function2. Press the Function key while holding down the Zero/Tare key. Press the Function key while holding down the Zero/Tare key. The display will be changed to show [ / 18 81. Fune2 Key released 2 Change settings. Use the Function key to select a setting item. Change the setting in the right end with the Zero/Tare key. L 10.1 3 Complete the setting of functions. Press the Set key, or press the Function key several times until the balance enters measurement mode. The setting of Function2 is completed, and the balance goes back into the measurement mode.

# 5.1 Setting and Check

# 5.2 Description of Function2

Item	Set Value			Description		
* Sotup of ID No	,		☆∏	Disable		
* Setup of ID No.	~	1d	1	Enable	Enable	
* Setting			☆∏	Disable		
instrumental error of the weight in use	Ľ.	<i>а.П.Р</i> .	1	Enable		
* Calibration of Built-	ח	3. r.E.R.	☆∏	Disable	Only supported by the LN**R series	
in Weight	ב.		1	Enable		
			☆∏	Do not use.		
Use of weight error	ч п.е.н		1	Weight error values set are used upon span / span adjustment to use external weights or when a built-in weight is to be calibrated.		

A star ( $\Rightarrow$ ) denotes a factory setting.

# Caution:

The setting values for the items marked by an asterisk (\*) are reset to factory defaults every time you call it.

# 6 Weighing Mode

You can select a weighing mode from the five types in Function1: a weighing machine, a parts counting, a percentage weighing, a unit converting, and a gravimeter. All the weighing modes except for the gravimeter support additional functions (the addition function and the limit function) depending on the display unit.

### 6.1 Measurement Modes

When you select a weighing mode and additional functions, you can weigh samples in different ways as shown below. Every time you press the Function key, the measurement mode is switched.

Weighing	Meas	surement Mode	Additional F	unctions	Remarks
Mode	Unit	Function	Addition	Limit	Remarks
	Unit A	Weight measuring	0	0	
Weighing	Unit A (B/G)	Gross weight	×	×	
machine	Unit B	Weight measuring	×	×	
	Unit A (Σ)	Cumulative weight	Display	×	
	Pcs	Counting	0	0	
Parts	Σ Pcs	Cumulative count	Display	×	
counting	Unit A (Pcs)	Average unit weight	×	×	
	Unit A	Weight measuring	×	×	
	%	Percent measuring	0	0	
Percentage Balance	Σ%	Cumulative percent	Display	×	
	Unit A	Weight measuring	×	×	
	#	Coefficient multiplying	0	0	
Unit converting	Σ#	Cumulative sum	Display	×	
g	Unit A	Weight measuring	×	×	
Gravimeter	g	Measurement of specific gravity	×	×	The weight unit is fixed to "g".
Statistics function	g	Statistical calculation	×	×	The weight unit is fixed to "g".

\* O: Supports both measurement and display.

×: Does not support measurement or display.

Display: The addition value is displayed.

You can select g, kg, or another unit for Unit A and Unit B.

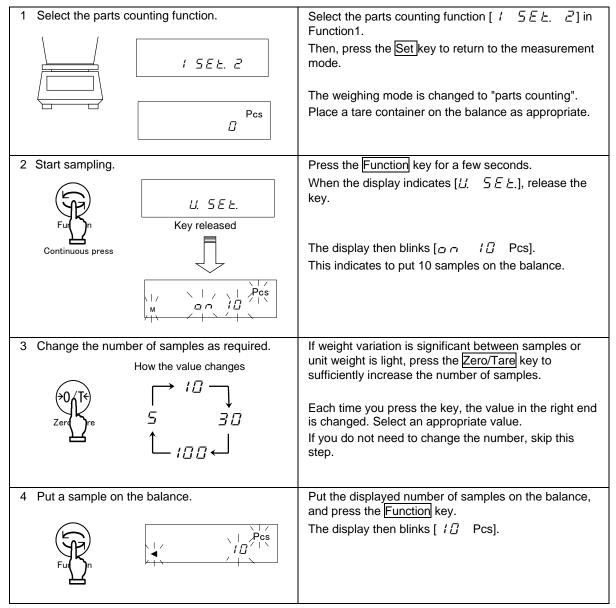
# 6.2 Weighing Machine

The weighing machine function only supports g, kg, and other units of weight. This function also allows the display of a gross weight (refer to page 10).

# 6.3 Parts Counting

The parts counting function employs an automatic memory update method, also referred to as a Self Counting System. When you put a specified number of samples on the balance, and put additional samples, the balance automatically updates the average unit weight of the samples. However, you cannot add more than two times as many samples as the first reading. This mechanism allows accurate counting.

#### 6.3.1 Sampling



5 Put additional samples on the balance.	Add no more than two times as many samples as the displayed number and wait until it is stable again. A beep will sound and the memory is updated. Repeating this operation will improve the resolution of parts counting, resulting in more accurate measurements.
5 Save the average unit weight of the samples.	Press the Function key to complete the update of the memory.
Fui Pcs Fui Pcs	The balance beeps to indicate that the average unit weight is saved, and then goes back into the measurement mode.

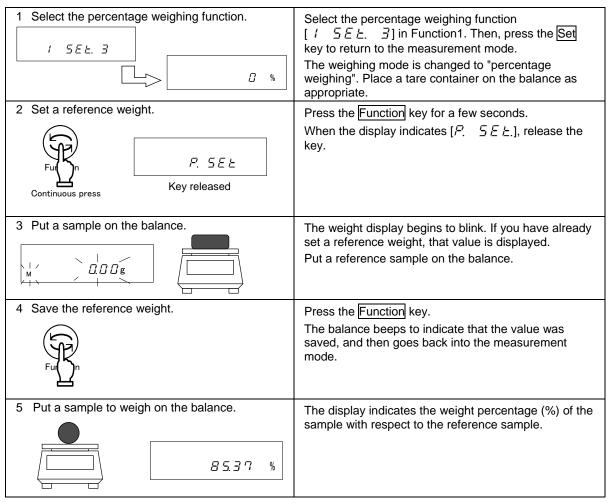
#### ☆ Hints ☆

- 1. The [5  $\_$   $\_$   $\_$  ] display that may be shown during a memory update of average unit weight indicates that you added more than two times as many samples as the displayed number and thus the counting accuracy is poor. Do not add too many samples at a time. Gradually increase the number of samples to increase counting accuracy.
- The [R d d] display during a memory update of average unit weight indicates that the number of samples you added is too small and the counting accuracy is poor. Add samples until the [R d d] display is turned off to improve the counting accuracy.
- 3. Even when these indications are displayed, you can press the Function key at any time to store the average unit weight. In this case, however, counting accuracy is low, and a counting error may be caused.
- 4. When [*L* − *E* − *r*] is displayed, it indicates that the average unit weight is too small for the balance to count the samples. For more information on the minimum unit weight supported by the parts counting function, refer to Section 17: Specifications on page 73.

# 6.4 Percentage Weighing

#### 6.4.1 Set a reference weight by weighing an actual sample

You can make the display indicate the weight percentage (%) of a sample with respect to a reference sample weight.



#### Caution:

The least significant digit of the percent value is automatically selected in accordance with the reference weight saved.

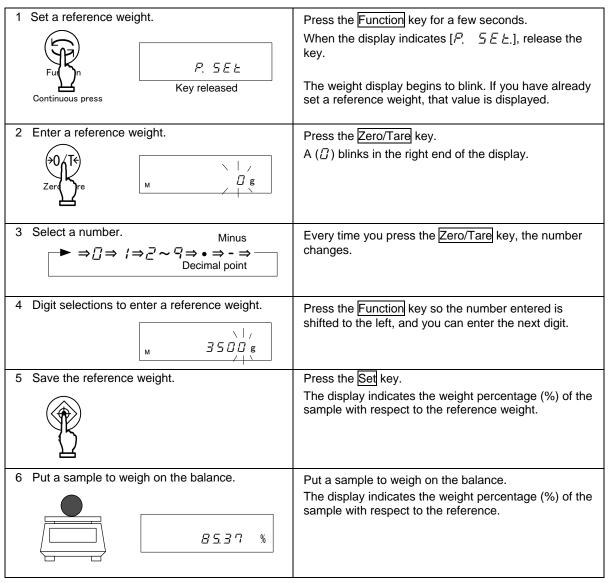
Min. display digit	Range of Reference Weight		
L-Err	Reference weight < Lower weight limit		
1%	Lower weight limit $\leq$ Reference weight < Lower weight limit $\times$ 10		
0.1%	Lower weight limit $\times$ 10 $\leq$ Reference weight < Lower weight limit $\times$ 100		
0.01%	Lower weight limit $\times$ 100 $\leq$ Reference weight		

You cannot set a value below the lower weight limit as a reference weight.

\* The lower weight limit depends on the model. For more information, refer to Section 17: Specifications on page 73.

#### 6.4.2 Set a reference weight by entering a value

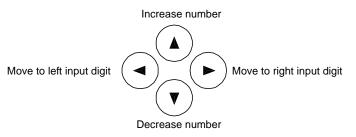
You can enter a reference weight in the balance, and then make the display indicate the weight percentage (%) of a sample with respect to the reference.



#### Use the arrow keys to enter values

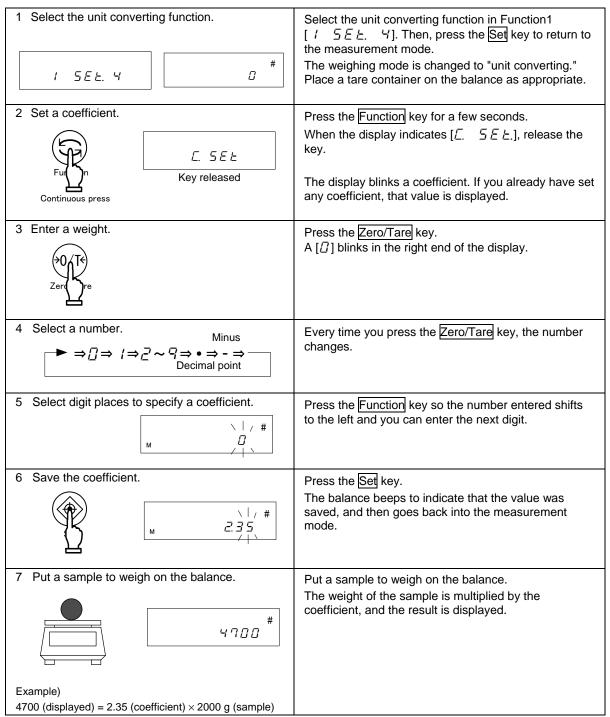
You can use the arrow keys to enter values instead of the Zero/Tare key or the Function key.

The arrow keys can be used as shown in the following figure:



# 6.5 Unit Converting

The unit converting function multiplies the weight of a sample on the balance by a saved coefficient, and displays the result.



You can use the arrow keys to enter values instead of the Zero/Tare key or the Function key (Refer to page 23).

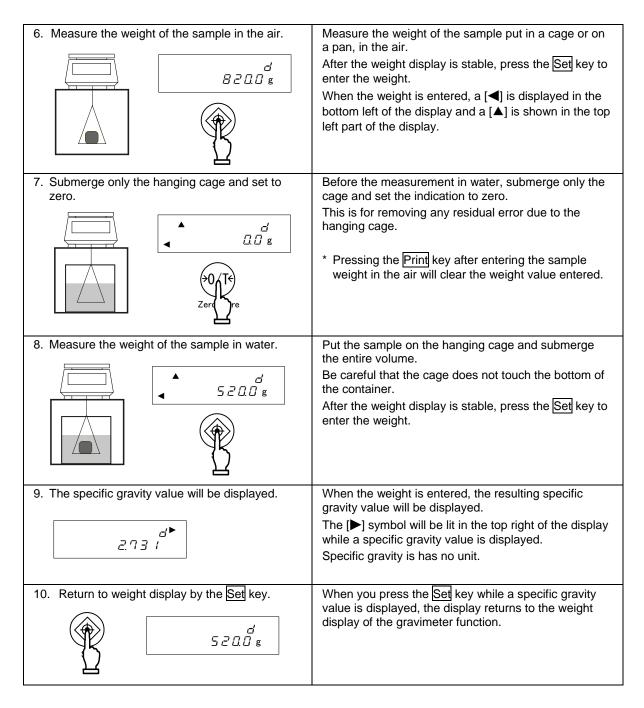
#### 6.6 Gravimeter

When the balance is used as a gravimeter, specific gravity is measured by hanging a sample, thus requiring an optional hooking device. Any net or cage, hanging strings, or containers that may be required to hang the sample on the balance should be prepared by the user for the particular sample to be subjected to the measurement.

The measurement method complies with the requirements specified in JIS Z 8807, "Measuring Methods for Specific Gravity of Solid."

#### 6.6.1 Measurement procedures for specific gravity

1 Preparation for specific gravity measurements	Put the balance on a pedestal and attach the hanging hook. Hang a cage or the like that is used for holding the sample. As the sample weight is also measured in water, prepare a container with water whose size is enough to put the entire cage into the water.
Hanging measurement Container with water (media)	
<ul> <li>2 Set the balance for gravimeter and select the media.</li> <li><i>i</i> 5EE. 5</li> <li><i>i i i i i i i i i i</i></li></ul>	Select the gravimeter function [ / 5EE. 5] in Function1. Select [ ] : water] or [ /:Other than water] for the media [ / [ ] E ].
3 Display weight	Press the Set key to show the weight. With gravimeter measurements, [d] will be indicated above the [g] symbol.
<ul> <li>4. Measure the water temperature in the container and enter the value into the balance.</li> <li></li></ul>	Press and hold the Zero/Tare key to enter the temperature setting mode and then enter the water temperature (for any media other than water, enter the specific gravity value of the media). (Refer to the descriptions on page 27 for the procedures to enter the value.) The value entered is held even after the power is turned off.
5 Reset the display to 0.	Press the Zero/Tare key while only the cage is hung to reset the display to zero.



# ☆ Hints ☆

Measurements with smaller size samples may result in some variations in the measured specific gravity values. In particular, any sample whose specific gravity is larger tends to show more variation.

Use as large a sample as possible for obtaining more stable measurements.

#### 6.6.2 Entering water temperature or the specific gravity of the media

This is for entering correction data for the liquid media to be used for the measurement. Enter water temperature if the media is water. Otherwise, enter the specific gravity value of the liquid. Use Function1 for selecting the media as follows:

#### Correction data input procedures

<ul> <li>1 Set the balance for gravimeter and select the media.</li> <li><i>I</i> 5<i>E E</i>. 5</li> <li><i>I I I I I I I I I I</i></li></ul>	Set Function1 to select gravimeter and select either $[\square : water]$ or $[ I : Other than water]$ for the media $[ I I \square E \square]$ .
2 Call the mode to enter a correction value.	Press and hold the Zero/Tare key to enter the temperature setting mode and then enter the water temperature (for any media other than water, enter the specific gravity value of the media). If the media is water, $[\underline{c}' \underline{c}]$ is displayed on the right side of the display. Otherwise, $[\underline{c}' \ge]$ will be indicated instead.
3 Press the Zero/Tare key.	Press the Zero/Tare key. The []] indication blinks.
4. Enter the value. $\downarrow \rightarrow \square \Rightarrow \square \Rightarrow \uparrow \Rightarrow \neg \Rightarrow \bullet \Rightarrow \bullet$	Use the Zero/Tare and Function keys for this entry. The Zero/Tare key is used for incrementing the figure and the Function key is used for moving the digit to the right. (This operation can also be made by using the arrow keys. Refer to page 23).
5 Save the value.	Upon completing the entry, press the Set key to return to the weight display mode.

# Caution

The acceptable range of numeric entry is specified as follows:

Media	Input Data	Range
Water	Water temperature	0.0 to 99.9°C
Any liquid other than water	Density	0.0001 to 9.9999 g/cm <sup>3</sup>

If any value outside the above specified range is entered, either the minimum or the maximum value within the range will be set.

The value set is held even after the power is turned off.

#### 6.6.3 Gravimeter measurement data output

(1) Output before gravimeter measurement

With the gravimeter function, the operation is with the  $[5 \ l \ \Box, c. 7]$  (output once when Print key is pressed after it is stabilized) mode, regardless of the setting by  $[5 \ l \ \Box, c.]$ .

(2) Output while specific gravity is displayed

 $[ I \not\subseteq \Box \not\subseteq J]$  is used for selecting the output contents.

The output method can also be selected by [ $I \exists R_{\Box}$ ].

(3) Output (print) format

When "specific gravity, weight, and actual water temperature or density of media" are all selected in [ $I \stackrel{?}{\supseteq} \stackrel{.}{\Box} \stackrel{.}{\Box}$ ], .... If "specific gravity only" is selected, only the second line value will be output.

In addition, if any statistical calculation is made for the printer, the values in the second line will be printed being prefixed by a serial number.

Language selection between English and Japanese for printing is made by the GLP function  $[E \exists P, F]$  of Function1.

1) When water is selected

English

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	D	Е	Ν	S	I	Т	Υ		S	0	L	I	D		
2								×	×		×	×	×		
3	S	Α	М	Р	L	Е		W	Е	I	G	н	Т		
4					×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×		g
5	Т	Ε	М	Р	Ε	R	Α	Т	υ	R	Е		Ν	0	W
6					×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×		С
7															

#### 2) When other than water is selected

#### English

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	D	Е	Ν	S	Ι	Т	Υ		S	0	L	Ι	D		
2								×	×		×	×	×		
3	S	Α	М	Ρ	L	Е		W	Е	Ι	G	Н	Т		
4					×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×		g
5	D	Е	Ν	S	Ι	Т	Υ		М	Е	D		L	Ι	Q
6					×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×		
7															

#### Japanese (Katakana)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	П	タ	イ	F	シ	"	ュ	ゥ							
2								×	×		×	×	×		
3	シ	"	그	ゥ	リ	ш	ゥ								
4					×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×		g
5	シ	"	ッ	ス	イ	オ	ゝ								
6					×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×		С
7															

#### Japanese (Katakana)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	П	タ	イ	F	シ	"	ユ	ゥ							
2								×	×		×	×	×		
3	シ	"	ц	ゥ	リ	Е	ゥ								
4					×	×	×	×	×		×	×	×		g
5	こ	"	イ	タ	イ	m	ッ	۲	"						
6					×	×	×	×		×	×	×	×	d	s
7															

# 6.7 Statistics Function

This is a function to collect weight data and display statistics such as the maximum and average values. Regardless of which function is selected, the measurement unit is set to "g," and the minimum value is displayed to the maximum number of decimal places available.

#### 6.7.1 Calculation items

The statistics displayed by the statistics function (calculation items) are as follows: To find out which calculation item is currently selected, see the display examples below.  $\triangleleft$  indicates that [ $\blacktriangleleft$ ] is lit, and  $\triangleleft$  indicates that [ $\blacklozenge$ ] is not lit.

Calculation item	Display example
Maximum value	<pre></pre>
Minimum value	্ব <b>১⊄</b> বিবিদ্যে ৪ বিবিদ্যে ৪
Average value	<pre></pre>
Standard deviation	<b>≤ 55</b> 7228 /7g
Range (maximum value - minimum value)	<pre>     st</pre>
Coefficient of variation	
Number of data points	<b>t</b> () <b>st</b>
SUM	ς <b>st</b> Σ ς ι <u>ο</u> ιειις

\* The average value, standard deviation, and coefficient of variation are calculated using the following equations:

Average value = 
$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i$$
; Standard deviation =  $\sqrt{\frac{N \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i)^2 - (\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i)^2}{N \cdot (N-1)}}$ ; and  
Coefficient of variation =  $\frac{\text{Standard deviation}}{\text{Average value}} \times 100(\%)$ 

where  $x_i$  is the ith measured value and N is the number of data points.

# 6.7.2 Operational procedure

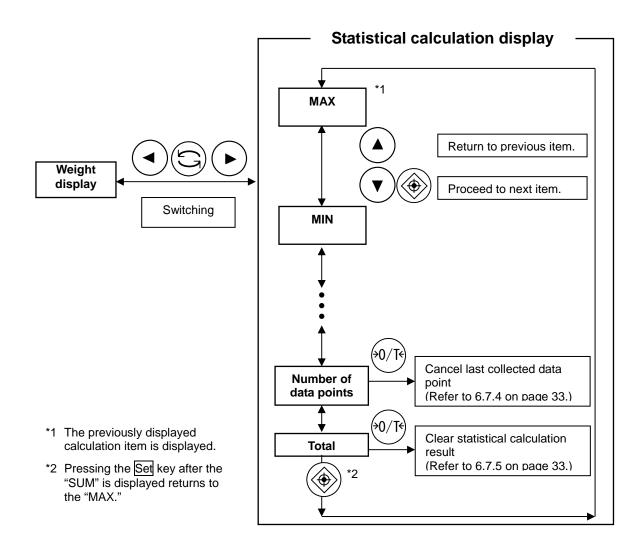
A Obstatile statistics for the	
1. Start the statistics function.	Set Function1 to [ $l 5 E E . 5$ ]. Then, press the Set key to switch to the statistics function. Place a tare container on the balance as appropriate. Zero-setting and tare are important in order to ensure that statistics are accurately calculated. Ensure that "0" is displayed before proceeding.
2. Collect a data point.	Place a sample on the balance and press the
□         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □         □	Print key. [⊡] is displayed, and the data point is collected.
001 1009.18 g	The data can be printed out if the balance is connected to an output device.
	<note>If the value of a data point is 0 or less, <math>[\neg - E]</math> is displayed and the data point is not collected.</note>
3. Collect the next data point.	Remove the sample from the balance and
Image: string         Image: string           Image: string         Image: string <t< td=""><td>ensure that "0" is displayed. Place another sample on the balance and repeat step 2 to collect the next data point. Repeat this process until the required number of data points has been collected.</td></t<>	ensure that "0" is displayed. Place another sample on the balance and repeat step 2 to collect the next data point. Repeat this process until the required number of data points has been collected.
002 1002.64 g	If an incorrect data point is collected or you want to cancel a collected data point, refer to Section 6.7.4 "Cancelling the last collected data point."
4. Display the statistical calculation results.	Press the Function key.
Fu()n st	The display switches to the statistical calculation display.
5. Switch another calculation item.	Press the Set key when a calculated statistic is
St St St St St St St St St St	being displayed to switch to another calculation item. Every time the Set key is pressed, the calculation item is switched according to the order shown in the table provided in Section 6.7.1 "Calculation items" on page 29.
6. Switch to the weight display.	Press the Function key when a calculated
Fut n St	statistic is being displayed to switch to the weight display. If the Function key is pressed again, the
	calculated statistic that was displayed prior to the switch will be displayed.

### Caution

- In step 2, press the Print key only when the output control is set to  $[5 \ l \ \Box \ c. \ 7]$ . If the output control is set to  $[5 \ l \ \Box \ c. \ 7]$ , the data is automatically output once when the balance is stable. If the statistics function is selected, only 4 or 7 can be enabled. If the output control is set to anything other than these three settings,  $[5 \ l \ \Box \ c. \ 7]$  is selected.
- If the number of data points collected exceeds 999, or the number of digits of the "SUM" value exceeds the number of the digits displayed, the [¬ E - -] is displayed, and the statistical calculation is canceled. Delete the statistical calculation result.
- When the statistical calculation result is displayed, the auto sleep function, external RS commands, and external tare are not activated.

#### 🕁 Hints 🕁

The following briefly describes the key operation of the statistics function. To display the next menu item, press the Set key or  $\bigcirc$ , and to display the previous menu item, press the  $\bigcirc$ .



#### 6.7.3 Printing out all of the statistical calculation results

Using an output device, you can print out all of the statistical calculation results at once.

1. Switch to the statistical calculation display.	Switch to the statistical calculation display before collecting the next data point.
2. Print out the statistical calculation results.	Press the Print key. When performing this operation, it does not matter which calculation item is selected. The output device prints out all of the statistical calculation results.

#### \*1 Symbols

Symbol	Calculation item
<result></result>	Title
DATE: *2	Date (date when the statistics result is output)
TIME: *2	Time (time when the statistics result is output)
N	Number of data points
SUM	Sum
MAX	Maximum value
MIN	Minimum value
R	Range (maximum value - minimum value)
AVE	Average value
SD	Standard deviation
CV	Coefficient of variation

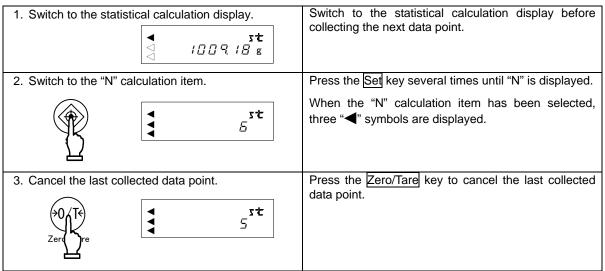
Symbol	Other information
CANCEL	Last collected data point has been cancelled
ALLCLR	All statistical calculation results have been cleared

\*2

Date display of year-month-date depends on the function setting [F date \*]. Printed language (English / Japanese Katakana)depends on the function setting [G3. PF \*].

#### 6.7.4 Cancelling the last collected data point

You can cancel the last collected data point only once.



\* You cannot cancel the second to last data point. If you press the Zero/Tare key again after a data point has been deleted, [B - E - r] is displayed.

#### 6.7.5 Clearing all of the statistical calculation results

You can clear all of the collected data points. As doing so will result in all of the data points being deleted, print out the statistical calculation results, if necessary, before proceeding with this operation.

1. Switch to the statistical calculation display. ◄	Switch to the statistical calculation display.
2. Switch to the "SUM" calculation item.	Press the Set key several times until "SUM" is displayed.
St Σ St Σ St Σ St Σ St Σ St Σ St Σ St Σ	When the "SUM" calculation item has been selected, the " $\boldsymbol{\Sigma}$ " sign is displayed.
3. Clear the statistical calculation results. $\downarrow 0 \qquad \downarrow T \\ Zerv \qquad re$ $\Box \Box \Box \Box g$	Press the Zero/Tare key to clear the statistical calculation results.

\*The statistical calculation result is cleared when the function [  $l \quad 5 \\ E \\ E$ .] is set to a value other than [5], or the power is turned off.

# 7 Addition Function

The addition function allows you to find the cumulative weight of samples put on the balance one after another. Except for the gravimeter function, all other functions, i.e., weighing machine, parts counting, percentage weighing, and unit converting functions support the addition function.

# 7.1 Cumulate Function

With the cumulate function, a cumulative weight can be obtained while samples are reloaded.

1 Set Function 1. $25EL i \longrightarrow 2L Rd\Pi i$ 2 Reset the display to 0. Reset the display to 0. $Reset the display to 0.$ $Reset the display to 0.$	Set Function1 from [2: 5 E L 1] to [2 E. R d. II]. Then, press the Set key to return to the measurement mode. Press the Zero/Tare key for zero adjustment or for tare range.
<ul> <li>3 Put samples on the balance, and obtain the weight.</li> <li>* <a href="https://www.selfattion.org">• 8500 g</a></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Put samples to weigh on the balance.</li> <li>When the asterisk (*) sign is displayed, you can put additional samples on.</li> <li>When [<b>O</b>] is displayed, press the <u>Set</u> key.</li> <li>The displayed value is added, and the cumulative value is displayed with the [Σ] sign for several seconds.</li> </ul>
4 Put another sample on the balance.	Unload the balance, check that the display indicates 0, and put different samples on.
5 Read the weight.	When $[\mathbf{O}]$ is displayed, press the Set key. After it is stabilized, the displayed value is added, and the cumulative weight is displayed with the $[\Sigma]$ sign for several seconds.
6 Display the cumulative weight.	Press the Function key twice.
	<ul> <li>The sign [Σ] will be lit and the cumulative value will be shown.</li> <li>(The number of times the Function key is pressed depends on the type of the balance.)</li> </ul>
7 Clear the cumulative weight.	Press the Zero/Tare key with the cumulative weight displayed (step 4) to reset the display to 0.

#### Obtain a cumulative weight without reloading the balance

(Te)	Press the Zero/Tare key in step 2 without unloading the balance. This will reset the display to 0.
Zer	Put additional samples on, and press the Set key. Then, the weight is cumulated.

# Caution:

- 1. The addition function is available only when the display is once set to zero.
- If [E E r ] is displayed when you press the Set key, it indicates that you put additional samples on twice, that you unloaded some samples, or that you pressed the key without adding samples.
- 3. You can add samples when an asterisk (\*) is displayed.
- 4. The  $[R \ E R]$  display with Function1 can be used for turning ON/OFF the function to wait for stabilization upon additions.

# 7.2 Net Addition Function

The net addition function automatically performs tare range after an addition, so additions can be performed without having to replace samples.

1 Set Function1.	Set Function 1 from [ $2$ , $5 E L$ /] to
	[2 <i>C. R.d.</i>
2.5EL I V 2.C. RAN 2	Then, press the Set key to return to the measurement
	mode.
2 Reset the display to 0 by tare range.	Press the Zero/Tare key for setting tare range.
Net (>0/Te)	
3 Put samples on the balance, and obtain the weight.	Put samples to weigh on the balance.
weight.	When the asterisk (*) sign is displayed, you can put
*	additional samples on.
● 850.0 g ♥	When [ <b>O</b> ] is displayed, press the <u>Set</u> key.
Υ	The displayed value is added, and the cumulative
_	value is displayed with the $[\Sigma]$ sign for several seconds.
4 The balance automatically sets tare range.	
	The balance automatically sets the tare range.
5 Put additional samples on the balance to	
obtain the weight.	When <b>[O]</b> is displayed after adding the sample, press
	the <u>Set</u> key.
	The displayed value is added, and the cumulative
	value is displayed with the $[\Sigma]$ sign for several seconds.
6 Display the cumulative weight.	
	Press the Function key twice.
Σ	The sign $[\Sigma]$ will be lit and the cumulative value will be
	shown.
	(The number of times the Function key is pressed
	depends on the type of the balance.)
7 Clear the cumulative weight.	Press the Zero/Tare key with the cumulative weight
	displayed (step 6).
$\overline{\Sigma}$	
	* Any cumulative value will be cleared by a zero
	adjustment or tare range operation.

# Caution

- 1. When [ $\underline{k} \underline{k} \underline{r}$ ] is displayed when you press the Set key, it indicates that you put additional samples on twice, that you unloaded some samples, or that you pressed the key without adding samples.
- 2. You can add samples when an asterisk (\*) is displayed.

The limit function judges a weight based on limit values that you have stored on the balance.

The limit judgment result will be indicated by the position where the triangle  $[\blacktriangleleft]$  is lit. When one or two points are set, the resulting display will be either HI (high), OK (proper), or LO (low). With a 3 or 4 point setting, 5 triangles  $[\blacktriangleleft]$  are used to provide more detailed judgments.

# 8.1 Setting the Limit Function

Make the settings of the limit function in Function1. While the limit function provides various setting items, carefully read Section 4.3: Additional Functions, on page 15, before actually performing the settings.

# 8.2 Judgment and Saving

A limit value can be judged in the following two ways. Select an appropriate one in Function1.

- (1) Judge by absolute values ...... Specify an upper weight limit or a lower weight limit directly.
- (2) Judge by deviation values...... Specify an upper limit or a lower limit with respect to a reference weight.

A limit value can be stored in the following two ways. They can be used in combination with either of the above judgment methods.

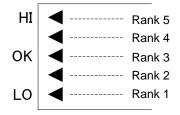
- (1) Put actual samples on the balance.....Put an actual sample on the balance, and save the weight as a limit value.
- (2) Enter values.....Enter a limit value using the keys.
- \* Once a limit value is entered, it is held after the balance is turned off.
- \* You can set separate limit values for the weighing machine, parts counting, percentage weighing, and unit converting functions.
- \* When you enter a limit value, it is treated differently between the two judgment methods. (Refer to Caution 9 on page 41.)

# 8.3 Display of Judgment Results

When one or two points are set, a [] is displayed next to one of HI, OK, and LO in the left of the display depending on the judgment result.

Judgment Result	When one point (lower limit) is set	When two points (lower and upper limits) are set
HI (high)	N/A	Weight > Upper limit
OK (proper)	Lower limit ≤ Weight	Lower limit ≤ Weight ≤ Upper limit
LO (low)	Lower limit > Weight	Lower limit > Weight

When 3 or 4 points are set, triangles [**4**] are displayed in 4 or 5 levels according to the judgment result.



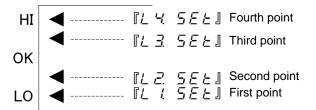
Judgment Result	3 or 4 points
Rank 5	Fourth point ≤ Weight
Rank 4	Third point ≤ Weight < Fourth point
Rank 3	Second point ≤ Weight < Third point
Rank 2	First point ≤ Weight < Second point
Rank 1	Weight < First point

# 8.4 Judge by Absolute Values

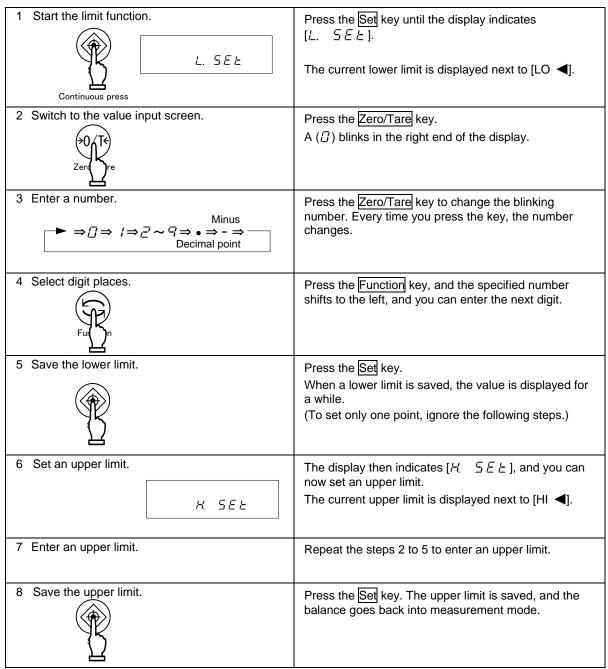
### 8.4.1 Set two limit values by putting actual samples on the balance

1 Start the limit function.	Press the Set key for a few seconds. When the display indicates [ <i>L</i> . 5 E E], release the key. The current lower limit is displayed next to [LO ◀].
2 Put the lower limit sample on the balance.	Put the lower limit sample on the pan.
3 Save the lower limit. Fut $f_{rut}$	Press the Function key. When a lower limit is saved, the value is displayed for a while. * To set only one point, ignore the following steps.
4 Set an upper limit. <i>H</i> らEと	The display then indicates [ <i>H</i> . 5 <i>E E</i> ], and you can now set an upper limit. The current upper limit is displayed next to [HI ◀].
5 Put the upper limit sample on the balance.	Put the upper limit sample on the pan.
6 Save the upper limit.	Press the Function key. When an upper limit is saved, that value is displayed for a while. Then the balance goes back into measurement mode.

\* For the case of three or four point setting, repeat the above steps 2 through 3.
 Limit values saved are displayed as [L L 5 E L] - [L 3 5 E L] or [L 4 5 E L] rather than [L. 5 E L] or [H 5 E L]. In addition, a triangle [◀] on the left side of the display will be lit at the same time for indicating the setting level.



### 8.4.2 Set two limit values by entering values



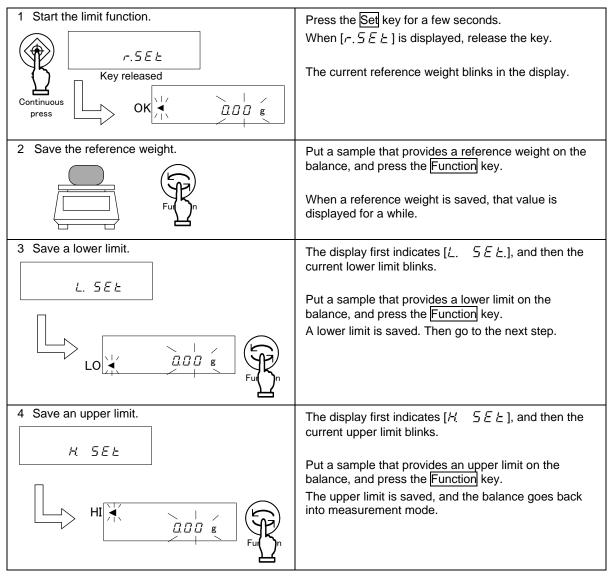
You can use the arrow keys to enter values instead of the Zero/Tare key or the Function key (Refer to page 23).

\* For the case of three or four point setting, repeat the above steps 2 through 5.

Limit values saved are displayed as  $[L \ l \ SEE] - [L \ B \ SEE]$  or  $[L \ SEE]$  rather than  $[L \ SEE]$  or  $[H \ SEE]$ . In addition, a triangle [ $\blacktriangleleft$ ] on the left side of the display will be lit at the same time for indicating the setting level.

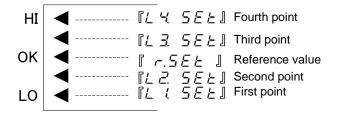
# 8.5 Judge by Deviation Values

### 8.5.1 Set two limit values by putting actual samples on the balance

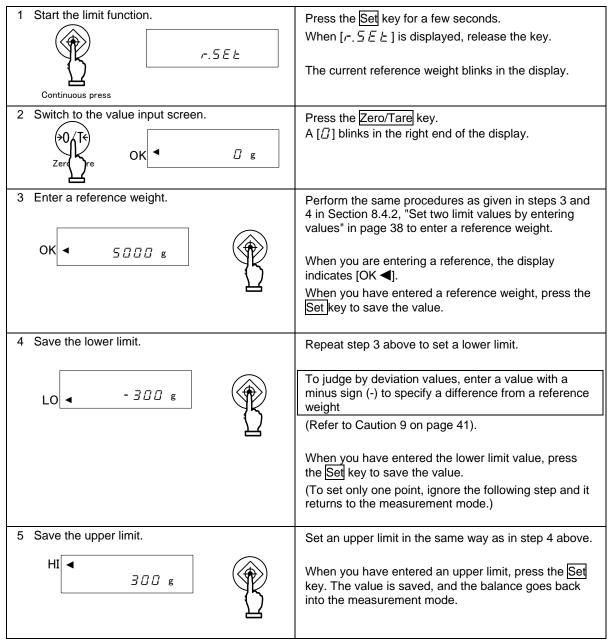


\* For the case of three or four point setting, repeat the above steps 3 and 4.

Limit values saved are displayed as  $[L \ l \ SEE] - [L \ 3 \ SEE]$  or  $[L \ 4 \ SEE]$  rather than  $[L \ SEE]$  or  $[H \ SEE]$ . In addition, a triangle [ $\blacktriangleleft$ ] on the left side of the display will be lit at the same time for indicating the setting level.



### 8.5.2 Set two limit values by entering values



You can use the arrow keys to enter values instead of the Zero/Tare key or the Function key (Refer to page 23).

\* For the case of three or four point setting, repeat the above steps 2 through 5.
 Limit values saved are displayed as [L L SEL] - [L B SEL] or [L 4 SEL] rather than [L. SEL] or [H SEL]. In addition, a triangle [◄] will be lit at the same time for indicating the setting level.

# Caution:

- 1. The initial limit values are all zero.
- 2. You can set separate limit values for the weighing machine, parts counting, percentage weighing, and unit converting functions. However, absolute values and deviation values are saved in the same storage area. So if you switch between absolute values and deviation values, limit values are deleted.
- 3. When the balance is not in measurement mode, you cannot set limit values by key operation. When a cumulative sum is being displayed, for example, you cannot set limit values.
- 4. Before you set limit values, adjust the zero-point or set a tare range as required (You can adjust the zero-point or set a tare range in sampling for parts counting or weight percent measuring).
- 5. You can check limit values by pressing the Set key. The lower limit is displayed after the display indicates [L. SEE], and the upper limit is displayed after [H. SEE]. When you set three or four points, saved limit values are displayed as [L L SEE] - [L 3 SEE] or [L 4 SEE] rather than [L. SEE] or [H SEE].
- When you made a mistake in an operation, press the Print key. As the operation will be cancelled, start the operation from the beginning.
- 7. If you press the Function key when a value is blinking in the display, the weight of the sample on the balance is set as an actual sample weight. If you press the Zero/Tare key here, you can now enter a limit value.
- 8. If the limit value entries are not lined up in the order of magnitude, five triangles [4] will be lit regardless of the number of judgment points. Check the values and enter them again.
- 9. When you enter a limit value, it is treated differently between the two judgment methods. To judge by absolute values, enter limit values directly. On the other hand, to judge by deviation values, you have to specify a range with respect to a reference weight.

(Example)

To set a lower limit of 970.0 g and an upper limit of 1050.0 g with respect to a reference weight of 1000.0 g, enter the limit values as shown below:

	Reference Weight	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
Absolute weight	1000.0 g	970.0 g	1050.0 g
Judgment by absolute values	1000.0 g	970.0 g	1050.0 g
Judgment by deviation values	1000.0 g	-30.0 g	50.0 g

# 8.6 Bar Graph for the 2-point Scale

You can set two points for the limit function, and display a bar graph to indicate the result in a range specified by the two points.

Except for the gravimeter function, all other functions, i.e., weighing machine, parts counting, percentage weighing, and unit converting functions can support this function.

1 Set Function1	Set the 2-point scale $[a^2]$ for Point Scale $[a^2]$ . $P_{\alpha}]$ , and Bar graph for the 2-point scale $[a^2]$ for How to Display Results $[a^2R_{\alpha} + b^2]$ in Function1.
2 Set upper and lower limits.	You can put actual samples on the balance or enter values to set upper and lower limits. You can also judge by absolute values or deviation values.

A bar graph is displayed in one of the following ways:

Bar graph	Weight range	Description
\$	Lower limit > Weight	A bar graph is not displayed.
	Lower limit ≤ Weight ≤ Upper limit	A bar graph to indicate the judgment result is displayed.
	Weight > Upper limit	The whole bar graph is displayed.

# Caution:

- 1. When the lower limit is the same as the upper limit, no bar graph will be displayed.
- 2. When a 2-point bar graph is being displayed, a normal bar graph to indicate the rate of a weight to the weighing capacity is not displayed.
- 3. When a 2-point bar graph is being displayed, the limit function does not work.

# ☆ Hints ☆

Different bar graph frames are used depending on whether the balance is in the measurement mode or in the 2-point bar graph display mode, as shown below:

Bar graph frame	Balance condition
······	Measurement mode
\$	2-point bar graph

# 9.1 Span Adjustment

An electronic balance, which is influenced by the acceleration of gravity, indicates different values depending on the location it is used. For this reason, you should calibrate your balance every time you relocate it. You should also calibrate it after a long time of no use or when it does not indicate correct values.

To calibrate a balance is called span adjustment, which is required for highly accurate measurements.

\* You must wait for at least 30 minutes after turning the power on, before performing span adjustment.

#### 9.1.1 Span Adjustment with Built-in Weight (Auto-span Adjustment) \* Only supported by the LN\*\*R series units

1 Set Function 1.	Select span adjustment with built-in weight (auto-span adjustment) in Function1 [ $7 [R ]$ ]. Then, press the Set key to return to the weight display.
2 Start span adjustment. o □.□ □ g	Press the Cal key. The built-in weight is enabled, and automatically starts span adjustment. The display indicates [ $\mathcal{R}_{\Box} \mathcal{L}$ . $[\mathcal{L} \mathcal{R}_{\bot}]$ , [ $\mathcal{L} \mathcal{R}_{\bot} \mathcal{L}$ ]*, [ $\mathcal{L} \mathcal{H}_{\Box}$ ], [ $\mathcal{L} \mathcal{H}_{\Box} \mathcal{F} \mathcal{S}$ ], [ $\mathcal{L}_{\Box} \mathcal{S} \mathcal{G}$ ], and [ $\mathcal{L} \cap \mathcal{G}$ ] in sequence. When span adjustment is completed, the balance goes back to the normal weight display.

\* While [*UR IE*] is displayed, the balance is preparing to read the zero point. The remaining time is indicated by the bar graph display. (Displayed with LN2202R, LN3202R, LN4202R)

### 9.1.2 Span Adjustment with External Weight

1 Set Function1.	Select span adjustment with built-in weight (auto-span adjustment) in Function1 [ $\begin{array}{cc} R & \exists \end{array}$ ]. Then, press the Set key to return to the weight display.
2 Start span adjustment.	Press the Cal key.
-•- •g	The display first indicates $\begin{bmatrix} \Box & B & L & E & H & E \end{bmatrix}$ , and then $\begin{bmatrix} \Box & \Box & \Box \end{bmatrix}$ , and the balance starts adjusting the zero-point. (If weight error is used, the corresponding weight error entered will be indicated for about 2 seconds.)
CAL F.5	When the display indicates [ $\Box \cap F$ , $\overline{S}$ ,], put a weight on the pan. The balance starts adjusting the weighing capacity. The display indicates [ $\underline{S} \cup \overline{S} \cup \overline{S}$ ] and then [ $\overline{E} \cap \overline{d}$ ] in sequence.
	When span adjustment is completed, the balance goes back to the normal display.

# 9.2 Span Test

The purpose of the span test is to check for any offset in the span of the balance with respect to a reference weight. Performing this function will not calibrate the balance.

9.2.1 Span Test with Built-in Weight \* Only supported by the LN\*\*R series

1 Set Function1.	Set Function1 with nothing put on the pan. Select span test with built-in weight in Function1 $[7  \sub{R}  \overrightarrow{c}$ ]. Then, press the Set key to return to the weight display.
2 Start the span test. o □.□ □ g	Press the Cal key. The built-in weight is enabled, and automatically starts a span test. The display indicates [ <i>L</i> . <i>I</i> ∩ <i>L</i> ], [ <i>U</i> ∩ <i>IL</i> ]*, [ <i>L</i> . <i>D</i> ], [ <i>L</i> . <i>F</i> . <u>5</u> .], [ <i>d I</i> ∩ <i>F</i> ], and an error in sequence. When you press a key, the balance goes back into the measurement mode.

\* While [*UR IE*] is displayed, the balance is preparing to read the zero point. The remaining time is indicated by the bar graph display. (Displayed with LN2202R, LN3202R, LN4202R)

### 9.2.2 Span Test with External Weight

1 Set Function1. □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □_	Set Function1 with nothing put on the pan. Select span test with external weight in Function1 [7, 5, 7, 4]. Then, press the Set key to return to the weight display.
2 Start a span test.	Press the Cal key.
-• •g	The display first indicates $[\underline{E}, \underline{E}H\underline{E}]$ , and then $[\underline{o}, \underline{O}, \underline{O}]$ , and the balance starts testing the zero-point. (If weight error is used, the corresponding weight error entered will be indicated for about 2 seconds,)
CAL CAL	<ul> <li>When the display indicates [a n F. 5.], put a weight on the pan.</li> <li>The balance starts a weighing capacity point test.</li> <li>The display first indicates [a IFF] and then an error.</li> <li>When you press a key, the balance goes back into the measurement mode.</li> </ul>

\* An error displayed after [ $\exists \ l \not \vdash \not \vdash$ ] is calculated as shown below:

Error = True value – Current weight

A positive value displayed as an error means that the balance indicates a weight lighter than the actual weight.

# 9.3 Calibration of Built-in Weight \* Only for the LN\*\*R series

This is a function to calibrate the built-in weight with an external weight.

1 Set Function2.	Set Function2 with nothing put on the pan. Enable the calibration of built-in weight function in Function2 [ $\underline{A}$ $r.\underline{C}, R$ /]. Press the Function key.
2 Start span adjustment.	The display is changed [ $r \in F \subseteq R \downarrow$ ]. Press the Function key while holding down the Zero/Tare key, and release the keys at the same time. The display changes from [ $\Box R \downarrow L$ ] to blinking [ $\Box n \Box$ ], and then indicates [ $\Box n F \cdot 5$ ].
CAL CAL	When the display indicates $[\Box \cap F, 5]$ , put a weight on the pan carefully. The display blinks $[\Box \cap F, 5]$ , and then indicates $[\Box \cap G]$ . When the display is changed from $[\Box R I E]$ to $[\Box \cap G]$ , unload the weight. When calibration is completed, the display indicates $[E \cap G]$ , and the balance goes back to measurement mode.

\* While [[] R [] is displayed, the balance is preparing to read the zero point. The remaining time is indicated by the bar graph display. (Displayed with LN2202R, LN3202R, LN4202R)

### ☆ Hints ☆

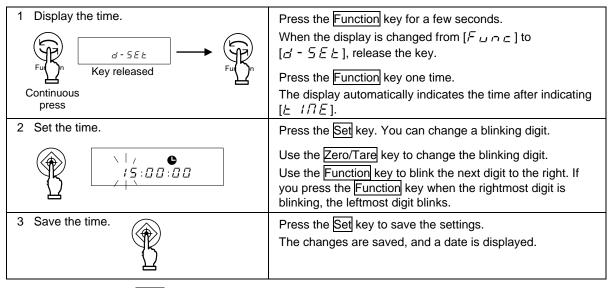
- 1. When you press a **key other than the Function key** during span adjustment or a span test, the display indicates [5  $\succeq$   $\square$  P], and the span adjustment or test is cancelled. Then the balance goes back to the normal display.
- 2. To perform span adjustment or a span test with an external weight, use a weight for calibration that weighs 50% of the weighing capacity or heavier. To calibrate more accurately, use a weight that is close to the weighing capacity.
- 3. When an error is found in span adjustment or in a span test, the following messages are displayed:
  - (1) [l E r]: You used a weight weighing less than 50% of the weighing capacity for span adjustment.
  - (2)  $[\underline{c}' \underline{E} \underline{c}]$ : An error over 1.0% was detected in span adjustment with an external weight, or the balance failed.
  - (3)  $[\exists E \neg \neg]$ : Automatic span adjustment was performed with an object put on the pan.
  - (4) [4 E -]: An error over 1.0% was detected in automatic span adjustment, or the balance failed.
  - (5) [R E r]: Abnormal operation occurred in the internal driving unit during automatic span adjustment.

(Pressing a key when an error message is being displayed moves you back to measurement mode).

\* When one of these messages is displayed, calibration will not be performed. Check that you are using a proper weight, and start span adjustment or a span test again. If span adjustment with a proper weight results in the same error message, contact your local dealer.

# 10.1 Time Setup

The time is displayed with a clock [€] symbol. Set the time in Hour-Minute-Second format on a 24-hour basis.



When you press the Print key before saving a time, the original time is displayed.

### 30-sec adjustment function

Press the Zero/Tare key when the time is being displayed.

29 or fewer seconds are rounded down to the nearest minute, and 30 or more seconds are rounded up to the nearest minute.

# 10.2 Date Setup

A date is displayed with a clock [] symbol. The last two digits of the year are displayed. You can change the date format in Function1.

1 Display the date. $ \begin{array}{c}                                     $	Follow step 1 in 10.1 to change the display to [ $d - 5 E E$ ]. (Go straight to step 2 if you set a date after completing steps in 10.1.) Press the Function key twice.
Continuous Press twice press	The display automatically indicates a date after indicating $[ d R \vdash E ]$ .
2 Set a date. 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 = 2 =	Press the Set key. You can change a blinking digit. Use the Zero/Tare key to change the blinking digit. Use the Function key to blink the next digit to the right. If you press the Function key when the rightmost digit is blinking, the leftmost digit blinks.
3 Save the date.	Press the Set key to save the settings. The changes are saved, and the balance goes back into measurement mode.

When you press the Print key before saving a date, the original date is displayed.

# 11.1 Auto Sleep Function

This is a function to turn off the display when the balance is left to stand in measurement mode for about 3 minutes. This function can only be used when the balance is operated on the AC adapter. To use the auto sleep function, enable it in Function1 [R R S /].

When the auto sleep function is enabled, the Sleep lamp (LED) lights up.

To exit the sleep mode, touch the pan or press a key.

### Caution:

The auto sleep function does not work under the following conditions:

- 1. You are setting Function1, Function2, time or date, or the interval function.
- 2. An object is put on the pan, and the display is not stable.
- 3. The balance is operated on batteries.

# 11.2 Auto Power Off Function

This is a function to turn off the balance when the balance is left to stand in measurement mode for about 3 minutes. This function can only be used when the balance is operated on batteries. This function saves battery capacity.

To use this function, enable it in Function1 [R RP. /].

### Caution:

The auto power off function does not work under the following conditions:

- 1. You are setting Function1, Function 2, time or date, or the interval function.
- 2. An object is put on the pan, and the display is not stable.
- 3. The balance is operated on the AC adapter.

# 11.3 Set Unit Function

This is a function to allow you to select two units (unit A and unit B) and switch between the units.

Which unit to display can be set in Function1. You can also set the same unit for unit A and unit B.

Pressing the Function key switches the unit between unit A and unit B.

# Caution:

To use unit B, select the weighing machine function in Function1 [l = 5EE l]. Unit A can be used in all the measurement types of the balance.

# 11.4 Minimum Readability Setting Function

This is a function to change the minimum readability. Set a minimum readability in Function1. When you set a rougher or larger minimum readability, weighing is performed faster. The minimum readability depends on the unit.

You can also set the same unit for unit A and unit B in 11.3, and switch the minimum readability between unit A and unit B.

\* The least significant digit cannot be set higher than the 10's digit.

# 11.5 Advice CAL

Advice CAL blinks the CAL sign in the display to inform you when span adjustment is to be made. The timing to perform span adjustment depends on changes in ambient temperature and used hours. To use this function, set Function1 to  $[\underline{a}, \underline{R}, \underline{a}, \underline{b}, \underline{c}, \underline{c}]$ . When the CAL sign starts to blink, perform span adjustment as soon as possible.

# 11.6 Date Display

This is a function to set the date format to be displayed in the balance or output to a printer. Set date format in Function1 appropriately as shown below:

		1	Output in Year-Month-Day format.
Date Display	F. dREE	2	Output in Month-Day-Year format.
		☆∃	Output in Day-Month-Year format.

# 11.7 Time Stamp Output

This is a function to output measurement data with the current time. You should set the time before this function is used.

To use this function, enable it in Function1 [ $\underline{L}$ ,  $\underline{L}$ ,  $\underline{D}$ , /].

# 11.8 Save Tare Weight Function

This is a function to use the latest tare weight when the On/Off key is pressed to turn on the balance. Use this function when you turn the balance on or off with a sample and tare put on the pan.

To use this function, enable it in Function1 [ $\underline{J}$ ,  $\underline{E} \ B \ \overline{E} \ E$ ]. The saved tare weight is updated every time a tare range is set.

# Caution:

Leaving the balance loaded with a substance and tare for a long period may result in a larger error in weighing. You should set the tare range regularly.

# 11.9 Direct Start Function

This is a function to turn on the balance automatically when it is connected to the AC power. You can use this function when the balance is used in conjunction with other devices. To use this function, enable it in Function1 [L.  $d \leq L$ . /].

# 11.10 Interval Output Function

This function outputs data at regular intervals. You can also output data time stamped. Set an interval in Hour-Minute-Second format. To use the interval output function, enable it in Function1 to  $[5 \ l \ a.c. \ B]$  or  $[5 \ l \ a.c. \ b]$ .

\* If it is desired to output time stamp data at the same time, refer to Section 11.7.

1 Call the interval function.	Press the Set key until the display indicates [ In E.URL]. The display indicates an interval with the leftmost digit blinking.
2 Set an interval.	Press the Zero/Tare key to change the figure at the blinking digit. Use the Function key to move the blinking position to the right. If you press the Function key while the rightmost digit is blinking, the leftmost digit blinks. (You can use the arrow keys instead. Refer to page 23.)
3 Save the settings, and go back to measurement mode.	Press the Set key to return to measurement mode. When you press the Print key before saving an interval, the original interval is displayed. If you press any key other than the Set key here, the balance goes back to the measurement mode, but the settings are not saved.

### 11.10.1 Set interval output

#### 11.10.2 Start interval output

Press the Print key. The display indicates  $[5 \not E \ R \not - \not E]$ , and starts interval output. A [ $\bigoplus$ ] blinks during interval output. A [ $\bigoplus$ ] lights up when data is output.

### 11.10.3 Stop interval output

Press the Print key. The display indicates  $[E \cap d]$ , and the balance goes back to measurement mode.

### Caution:

- 1. Note that data may not be output at exact intervals because output operation is interrupted while Function1 or Function2 is displayed.
- 2. If [5 5 - ] is displayed, the interval is set to zero. In this case, you should set an interval again.

# 11.11 ID Number Entry

An ID number is used when data is printed in compliance with ISO/GLP/GMP. Set an ID number when you print data.

When an ID number is displayed, two triangles,  $[\blacktriangleleft]$  and  $[\blacktriangle]$  are displayed in the upper left part of the display.

You can use up to 6 digits in an ID number. You can use [0-9], [A-F], and [ - ], which are displayed in this order. An underscore [ \_ ] indicates a blank space.

### **ID Number setting procedures**

1 Set Function2.	Enable Setup of ID No. in Function2 [ { / d /].
2 Display an ID number.	Press the Function key. An ID number is displayed.
	If you want to check the ID number, press the Function key again. The display is changed to $[\overrightarrow{C}, \alpha, \overrightarrow{\Omega}, \overrightarrow{P}, \overrightarrow{\Omega}]$ .
3 Start to enter an ID number.	Press the Zero/Tare key. You can now enter an ID number. The leftmost digit blinks first.
4 Enter an ID number. $   \begin{array}{c}                                     $	Press the Zero/Tare key to change the blinking value, and the Function key to blink the next digit to the right. If you press the Function key when the rightmost digit is blinking, the leftmost digit blinks. (You can use the arrow keys instead. Refer to page 23.)
5 Save the ID number.	Lastly, press the Set key. The setting is saved, and the display is changed to [ $\underline{C}$ , $\underline{O}$ , $\overline{D}$ , $P$ , $\underline{D}$ ]. When you press the Print key before saving an ID number, the original ID number is displayed.

# 11.12 Entry of Weight Error

By entering the weight error of an external reference weight to be used in span adjustment or span test, a more accurate calibration can be performed. Enter the weight error obtained from the following equation: (Weight errors are entered in the unit of mg.)

Weight Error = Actual Weight - Nominal Value

Example: For a 1000 g weight, a weight error may be = 1000.00012 - 1000= 0.00012 = +0.12 mg

	= 0.00012 = 10.12 mg
1 Set Function2.	Set Function2 to $[\underline{P}, \underline{n}, \overline{n}, P, I]$ .
2 Display the weight error. $ \begin{array}{c} \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \\ Fu \\ \hline Fu \\ Fu \\ \hline Fu \\ \hline Fu \\ Fu \\ \hline Fu \\ \hline Fu \\ Fu \\$	Press the Function key. The display shows a weight error. If you are only to check the weight error value, press the Function key again. The display is changed to $[\exists, r, \underline{\Gamma}, R, \underline{G}]$ or $[\forall, R, \underline{E}, H, \underline{G}]$ for the next item.
3 Start entering the weight error.	Press the Zero/Tare key. You can now enter the weight error. The leftmost digit blinks first.
4 Entry of weight error. Minus $\Rightarrow \square \Rightarrow l \Rightarrow l \Rightarrow l \Rightarrow \neg \Rightarrow \bullet \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow$ Decimal point	Press the Zero/Tare key to change the blinking value, and the Function key to blink the next digit to the right. If you press the Function key when the rightmost digit is blinking, the leftmost digit blinks. (You can use the arrow keys instead. Refer to page 23.)
5 Save the weight error data.	Lastly, press the Set key. The setting is saved, and the display is changed to $[\exists \ \neg . [R \ \square]]$ or $["4 \ \square . [E. H \ \square]]$ for the next item. If you press the Print key during the entry, the display returns to the previous weight error value.
6 Use the weight error.	For using the weight error entered, set to [ <i>Ҷ ҦЕ.Ң 1</i> ].

# ☆ Hints ☆

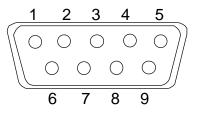
If more than one weight is used in combination, enter the total error of the weights to be used.

The range of the weight error should be within  $\pm 100.00$  mg. If any value outside the range is entered, it will result in the display of [r - E - r].

# 12.1 RS232C Output

12.1.1 Connector pin numbers and functions

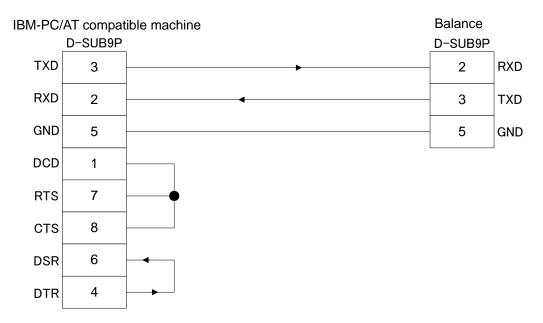
Pin No.	Signal Name	Input/Output	Function & Remarks
1	-	-	-
2	RXD	Input	Receiving data
3	TXD	Output	Transmitting data
4	DTR	Output	HIGH (When the balance is powered ON)
5	GND	-	Signal ground
6	-	-	-
7	-	-	-
8	-	-	-
9	-	-	-



D-SUB9P Male Connector: Rear Panel

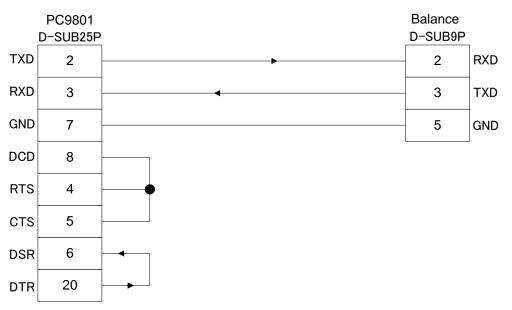
### Caution:

Be sure to disconnect the AC adapter from the power outlet before plugging or unplugging the connector.



#### Sample connection with an IBM-PC/AT compatible machine

### ■■■ Sample wire connection with PC9801 ■■■



#### 12.1.3 Interface specifications

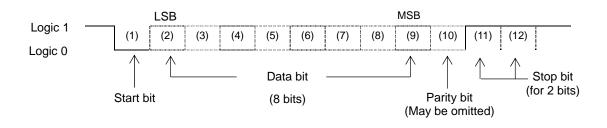
- (1) Transmission system Serial transmission, Start-stop synchronization
- (2) Transmission rate 1200/2400/4800/9600/19200 bps
- (3) Transmission codes ASCII codes (8/7 bits)
- (4) Signal level Compliant with EIA RS-232C.

HIGH level (data logic 0) +5 to +15 V

Low level (data logic 1) -5 to -15 V

- (5) Bit configuration
   Start bit
   1 bit
   Data bits
   8/7 bits
   ("7 bit" can be specified only for the extended 7-digit numeric format.)
   Parity bit
   0/1 bit
   Stop bits
   2/1 bit
   ("1 bit" can be specified only for the extended 7-digit numeric format.)
- (6) Parity bit

None/Odd/Even

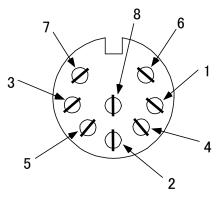


# 12.2 Output to Peripherals

Our standard peripheral units can be connected to the balance. \*1 These peripheral units include: CSP-160, CSP-240

Pin No.	Signal Name	Input/Output	Function & Remarks
1	EXT.TARE	Input	Tare setting from an external device *2
2	-	-	-
3	-	-	-
4	TXD	Output	Transmitting data
5	GND	-	Signal ground
6	-	-	-
7	-	-	-
8	-	-	-

### 12.2.1 Connector pin numbers and functions



DIN8P connector for output to peripheral devices

- \*1 To connect a peripheral unit to the balance, use the connection cable supplied with the unit.
- \*2 You can set a tare range or adjust the zero-point. from an external device by connecting a contact or a transistor switch between pin 1 and pin 5. In this case, allow at least 400 ms for connection (ON) time (Maximum voltage when the balance is turned OFF: 15 V, sink current when it is turned ON: 20 mA).

### Caution:

Be sure to disconnect the AC adapter from the power outlet before plugging or unplugging the connector.

# 12.3 Type of Communication Texts

This interface function uses the following three types of communication texts:

- (1) Output data Data, such as weight values, that is output from the balance to an external unit
- (2) Input commands Commands to control the balance from an external unit
- (3) Response Response that is output from the balance to an input command

### Caution:

- 1. All of these communication texts can be used for RS232C output.
- 2. Only output data (1) can be used for a peripheral output unit.

# 12.4 Output Data

You can select one from the following three formats in Function1:

### 12.4.1 Data format

### (1) 6-digit numeric format

Consists of 14 characters including terminators (CR=0DH, LF=0AH).

1													
P1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	U1	U2	S1	S2	CR	LF

#### (2) 7-digit numeric format

Consists of 15 characters including terminators (CR=0DH, LF=0AH). A parity bit can be appended.

														15
P1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	U1	U2	S1	S2	CR	LF

### (3) Extended 7-digit numeric format

Consists of 15 characters including terminators (CR, LF). A parity bit can be appended.

This is an extended version of the 7-digit numeric format. The extended version is different from the 7-digit numeric format in that:

- the data length can be 7 bits rather than 8 bits, and
- the stop bit may be set to 1 bit rather than 2 bits.

The extended version is the same as the normal 7-digit format in other bits. However, if you select Japanese (Katakana) for Printed Language [ $\mathcal{E} \not\exists \mathcal{P} \not\in \mathcal{F}$ .] in Function1, the data length is forced into 8 bits.

12.4.2	Polarity (P1: 1 character)
--------	----------------------------

P1	Code	Description
+	2BH	When data is 0 or positive.
-	2DH	When data is negative.

### 12.4.3 Numeric data

### 6-digit numeric format: (D1-D7: 7 characters)

### 7-digit numeric format: (D1-D8: 8 characters)

D1 to D7(D8)	Code	Description			
0 - 9	30H to 39H	Digits 0 – 9			
•	2EH	<ul> <li>Decimal point (floating)</li> <li>Omitted when numeric data does not contain decimal places. In this case, space is output to the least significant digit.</li> </ul>			
SP (space)	20H	<ul> <li>A space heading a numeric value</li> <li>When numeric data does not contain decimal places, space rather than a decimal point is output to the least significant digit <sup>*1</sup>.</li> </ul>			

\*1 A numeric value is headed by 0 (30H) by factory default setting. You can change the function setting so that it is headed by space (20H) rather than 0.

### 12.4.4 Unit (U1, U2: 2 characters)

\* Codes are all in ASCII codes.

U1	U2	Co	de	Meaning	Balance indicators
(SP)	G	20H	47H	gram	g
К	G	4BH	47H	Kilogram	kg
С	Т	43H	54H	carat	ct
0	Z	4FH	5AH	ounce	OZ
L	В	4CH	42H	pound	Ъ
0	Т	4FH	54H	troy ounce	oz t
D	W	44H	57H	pennyweight	duat
G	R	4BH	52H	Grain	GN
Т	L	54H	4CH	tael (Hong Kong)	七
Т	L	54H	4CH	tael (Singapore, Malaysia)	★ I Top right
Т	L	54H	4CH	tael (Taiwan)	Hiddle right ►
М	0	4DH	4FH	momme	mom
t	0	74H	6FH	tola	to
Р	С	50H	43H	Pieces	Pcs
(SP)	%	20H	25H	Percentage	%
(SP)	#	20H	23H	Computation results, numbers, etc.	#

#### 12.4.5 Judgment result when the limit function is enabled (S1: 1 character)

S1	Code	Description						
L	4CH	Too little (LO)						
G	47H	Proper (OK)	1- or 2-point scale					
Н	48H	Too much (HI)						
1	31H	Rank 1						
2	32H	Rank 2						
3	33H	Rank 3	3- or 4-point scale					
4	34H	Rank 4						
5	35H	Rank 5						
Т	54H	Cumulative value						
U	55H	Unit weight						
(SP)	20H	No judgment result or no data type specified	Data type					
d	64H	Gross						

#### 12.4.6 Status (S2:1 character)

S2	Code	Description				
S	53H	Data stable *				
U	55H	Data unstable *				
E	45H	Data error (Indicates that data other than S2 is invalid.) ( $[a - E - r], [u - E - r]$ )				
(SP)	20H	No status specified				

\* Data that is independent of whether the weighing condition is stable or not, such as cumulative values and unit weights, is independent of whether S2 is S or U when it is output.

#### 12.4.7 Output data other than measurement data

The following data is accompanied by our proprietary printer control commands prior to and after the data when output.

#### (1) Interval output

When each interval output is started or stopped, a header and a footer are output.

#### Header

"-" is output for 15 characters.

														15
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Footer

Two linefeeds are inserted.

### (2) Time output

When the time stamp function is enabled, the time is output one line above the output data.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
h	h	:	m	m	:	s	s

\* hh: hour (00-23), mm: minute (00-59), ss: second (00-59)

# 12.5 Input Commands

The following 7 input commands are supported:

- (1) Tare range command
- (3) Set measurement mode command
- (5) Request time output command
- (7) Span adjustment/test command

#### 12.5.1 Procedure for transmission

(1) An input command is sent from an external device.

The full-duplex transmission system allows you to send an input command at any time independently of the data transmit timing of the balance.

(2) Upon successful completion of an input command, the balance will send out either a normal completion response or the data requested by the command. If the operation has not resulted in normal completion, or if the received input command is invalid (in error), the balance will transmit an error response.

When the balance is in normal display mode, it usually sends a response to an input command within one second after it is received.

However, if the balance receives a tare range command when the Set Tare function is set so that the display is reset to 0 when the balance is stabilized after the Zero/Tare key is pressed, or if it receives an input command that takes a long time, it sends a response after the command is completely processed.

If the balance receives an input command when you are setting a function, when it is under span adjustment, or it is busy for other reasons, it sends a response after that operation is completed.

- 1) Commands to which a response is sent back after a specified operation is executed:
  - Tare range command, span adjustment/test command
- 2) Commands to which a response is sent back immediately or in 1 second after they are received:
  - Commands other than those specified in 1) above
- 3) Once you have sent an input command from an external device, do not send another input command to the balance until the external device receives a response to the command from the balance.

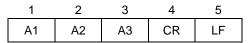
- (2) Set output control command
- (4) Request date output command
- (6) Set interval command

### 12.5.2 Response

You can select the response format of either the A00/Exx format or the ACK/NAK format in Function1.

#### (1) A00/Exx format

Consists of 5 characters including terminators (CR, LF).

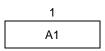


#### **Response types**

A1	A2	A3	Code			Meaning
А	0	0	41H	30H	30H	Successful completion
E	0	1	45H	30H	31H	<ul> <li>Command error (when an errant command is received)</li> </ul>
E	0 - 9	0 - 9	45H	30Н 5 39Н	30Н 5 39Н	<ul> <li>(Errors other than E01)</li> <li>* Numeric format error</li> <li>* Processing interrupted</li> <li>* Processing terminated abnormally</li> <li>* Other errors</li> </ul>

### (2) ACK/NAK format

Consists of 1 character (Does not contain a terminator).



#### **Response types**

A1	Code	Meaning			
ACK	06H	Successful completion			
NAK	15H	<ul> <li>Command error (when an errant command is received)</li> <li>Numeric format error</li> <li>Processing interrupted</li> <li>Processing terminated abnormally</li> <li>Other errors</li> </ul>			

\* The following descriptions and tables assume that the A00/Exx format is selected as the response format.

Think of A00 as ACK, and E00 as NAK.

### 12.5.3 Command format

### (1) Tare range (zero-setting) command

C1	C2	Co	de	Description	Value	Response
т	(SP)	54H	20H	<ul> <li>Set Tare Range</li> <li>Adjust the zero-point</li> </ul>	None	<ul> <li>A00: Successful completion</li> <li>E01: Command error</li> <li>E04: A tare range cannot be set or the zero-point cannot be adjusted (because of a range violation or a weight error).</li> </ul>

### (2) Set output control command

C1	C2	Co	de	Description	
0	0	4FH	30H	Stop output	
0	1	4FH	31H	Output continuously at all times	
0	2	4FH	32H	Output continuously if stable (Stop output if unstable)	
0	3	4FH	33H	Output once when the Print key is pressed (whether the balance is stable or unstable).	
0	4	4FH	34H	Output once when the balance is stable. After any sample is lifted causing the display to show zero or less value, outputs the next time any sample is put on again and the balance is stabilized.	A00: Successful
0	5	4FH	35H	Output once when the balance is stable. Stop output when unstable. Output once when the balance is stabilized again (the output includes zero) even if it is not reloaded.	completion E01: Command error E02: Interval
0	6	4FH	36H	Output once when the balance is stable. Output continuously when unstable. Output is stopped after a single output when the balance is stable even if it is not reloaded.	time error (only with OA or OB)
0	7	4FH	37H	Output once when the Print key is pressed if the balance is stable.	
0	8	4FH	38H	Output once immediately	
0	9	4FH	39H	Output once after stabilized	
0	А	4FH	41H	Interval function (Output once each time the output time elapses.)	
0	В	4FH	42H	Interval function (Output once if stable each time the output time elapses.)	

\* Commands O0 to O7 control output in the same way as the settings in Function1.

\* Commands O8 and O9 are used to request data from the balance.

\* Once executed, O0 to O7, OA, or OB commands is held until the next command is input. However, output control is reset to the function setting when the balance is turned on again.

- \* When command OA or OB is input, the balance initiates the interval function, and when the same command is input again, it terminates the function.
- \* Once either an O8 or O9 command is executed, it returns to the state of "O0".

#### 12.5.4 Set measurement mode command

Co	ommand Main	Body						
1st character	2nd character	Co	Code		Value	Response		
М	1	4DH	31H	Set to Mode 1		A00: Successful		
М	2	4DH	32H	Set to Mode 2	None	completion E01: Command		
М	3	4DH	33H	Set to Mode 3	None	error		
М	4	4DH	34H	Set to Mode 4		E02: (error)		

\* The measurement mode to be activated by the above mode settings 1 to 4 depends on the weighing mode currently in use.

Mode setting	Weighing machine	Parts counting	Percentage weighing	Unit converting	Gravimeter / Statistics function
Mode 1	Weight measuring	Weight measuring	Weight measuring	Weight measuring	(Error)
Mode 2	Gross weight display	Parts counting	Percent measuring	Coefficient multiplying	(Error)
Mode 3	Cumulative weight <sup>*1</sup>	Cumulative count display *1	Cumulative percent display *1	Cumulative sum *1	(Error)
Mode 4	Display in unit B <sup>*2</sup>	Average unit weight	(Error)	(Error)	(Error)

\*1 Mode 3 (M3) can be specified only when the addition function is to be used. If the addition function is not enabled, it results in an error.

\*2 If a unit is not specified for unit B, the balance is set for the weight measuring mode. When you specify a mode that is not supported by the current Weighing Mode, an error is returned from the balance.

#### 12.5.5 Request date or time output command

Co	mmand Main	Body				
1st character	2nd character	Code		Description	Value	Response
D	D	44H	44H	Date output request	None	A00: Successful completion
D	т	44H	54H	Time output request	None	E01: Command error

#### (1) Date format

English Japanese (Katakana)

### (2) Time data

TIME:(SP)(SP)(SP)(SP)(SP)hh:mm(CR)(LF)	English
ジコク:(SP)(SP)(SP)(SP)(SP)hh:mm(CR)(LF)	Japanese (Katakana)

The above data is accompanied by a control command of our printer when output.

- \*1 You can select whether you want to output data in English or in Japanese (katakana) in the Printed Language [ $E \exists P.F.$ ] Function setting.
- \*2 Date format depends on the setting of Date Display in Function1 [ $F_{.} \exists R \succeq E$ ].

### 12.5.6 Setting intervals

Co	mmand Main	Body						
1st character	2nd character	Code		Description	Value	Response		
I	A	49H	41H	Interval time setup	Interval time	A00: Successful completion E01: Command error E02: Interval time error		

\* Upon setting the time interval, mark off between the entries of command, hour, minute, and second using a comma, "," between each of the entries; e.g., IA, hh, mm, ss.

### 12.5.7 Span adjustment/test command

Co	mmand Main	Body				
1st character	2nd character	Co	de	Description	Value	Response
С	0	43H	30H	Disables Cal key and command inputs.		
С	1	43H	31H	Span adjustment with built- in weight (Auto-span adjustment)		A00: Successful completion E01: Command error
С	2	43H	32H	Span adjustment with built- in weight	None	E02: Operation is disabled. E03: Cancelled by
С	3	43H	33H	Span Adjustment to use external weights		e03: Cancelled by operation E04: Abnormal completion
С	4	43H	34H	Span Test to use external weights		

\* This command takes time because the balance sends back a response after an appropriate operation is completed.

\* If the Cal key is disabled in Span Adjustment/Span Test of Function1 [7, 28], a span adjustment and test command does not work.

\* If the Cal key is disabled, however, the setting is reset to the function setting when the balance is turned on again or [7, 5] is changed directly. Span adjustment/test commands are also disabled.

### 12.5.8 Setting limit values

Co	ommand Main	Body				
first character	second character	ASCII	code	Description	Value	Response
L	А	4CH	41H	First setting point/lower limit		
L	В	4CH	42H	Second setting point/upper limit	Limit	A00: Successful completion
L	С	4CH	43H	Reference value	values	E01:Command error
L	D	4CH	44H	Third setting point	]	E02:Set value error
L	E	4CH	45H	Forth setting point		

### Caution

- 1. Insert a comma between command entries and limit values; e.g., LA, nnn.
- 2. Enter numerical values only. You do not need to enter units.
- 3. In weighing machine mode, the unit set in Unit A is applied to the entered value. For example, when "LA, 20.00" is transmitted, it is recognized as 20.00 g if gram is selected in Unit A, and 20.00 ct if carat is selected in Unit A.
- 4. The units used for parts counting, percentage weighing, and unit converting are PCS, %, and # respectively.

### 12.5.9 Sample input commands

T(SP)(CR)(LF)	Set tare range or adjust to zero-point.
O1(CR)(LF)	Set the balance to continuous output.
O8(CR)(LF)	Output data (once immediately).
IA,01,30,00(CR)(LF)	Set an interval of 01 hrs: 30 min: 00 sec.
OA(CR)(LF)	Start the interval function.
DD(CR)(LF)	Output the date.
DT(CR)(LF)	Output the time.
LA,80.5(CR)(LF)	Set the first setting point to 80.5. (The unit varies depending on the weighing mode.)

# 12.6 Special Format Output

# 12.6.1 Special format 1

This output format is applied when  $[\underline{B}, \mathcal{A}, \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{A}, I]$  is selected in Function1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
P1	SP	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	SP	U1	U2	U3	CR	LF
Set value error	Space	Ν	leasure	ement o	lata (in	cluding	g decim	al poin	t)	Space		Unit		Term	inator

- P1 (One character): Set value error Polarity plus/zero: [+] (2BH), Minus: [-] (2DH)
- SP (One character): Space [ ] (20H)
- D1~D8 (Eight character): Measurement data,
  - numerical value [0 to 9] (30H–39H), and decimal point (2EH)
  - \* Numerical values are right-aligned. A space (20H) is used when there is no numerical value.
- SP (One character): Space [ ] (20H)
- U1~U3 (Three character): Unit

Unit	Output	ASCII code
g	g∆∆	(67H) (20H) (20H)
kg	kg∆	(6BH) (67H) (20H)
carat	ct∆	(63H) (74H) (20H)
ounce	oz∆	(6FH) (7AH) (20H)
pound	lb∆	(6CH) (62H) (20H)
troy ounce	ozt	(6FH) (7AH) (74H)
penny weight	dwt	(64H) (77H) (74H)
grain	GN∆	(47H) (4EH) (20H)
tael(Hong Kong)	tlh	(74H) (6CH) (68H)
tael(SG)	tls	(74H) (6CH) (73H)
tael(Taiwan)	tlt	(74H) (6CH) (74H)
momme	mom	(6DH) (6FH) (6DH)
tola	tol	(74H) (6FH) (6CH)
parts counting	pcs	(70H) (63H) (73H)
percentage weighing	<b>%</b> △△	(25H) (20H) (20H)
unit converting	$\# \triangle \triangle$	(23H) (20H) (20H)

(\*\*H) : ASCII code △ : Space

- \* When the output is unstable, a unit (three characters) may be a space (20H).
- CR><LF>: terminator

Example:

[ <i>123.</i> 456g]	: +∆123.456∆g∆ <b><cr></cr></b> <lf></lf>
[0 - E ]	$: \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle H \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle < CR > LF >$
[4 - E]	: △△△△△L△△△△△△ <cr><lf> six characters seven characters</lf></cr>

This output format is applied when  $[\underline{B}, \forall \overline{F}, \forall \overline{C}]$  is selected in Function1.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
S1	S2	S3	SP	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	D1 0	SP	U1	U2	U3	CR	LF
	Stabili iormat		Space	Me	easure	ement	data		ding   int)	polarit	y and	decir	mal	Space	``	Unit e to th aracte		-	rmi- tor

- S1~S3 (three character): Stable: [S△S] (53H) (20H) (53H), Unstable: [S△D]: (53H) (20H) (44H)
- SP (One character): Space [ ] (20H)
- D1~D10 (10 character): Set value error Polarity plus/zero: Space [] (20H), Minus: [-] (2DH) numerical value [0 to 9] (30H–39H), and decimal point (2EH)
  - \* Numerical values are right-aligned.

A space (20H) is used when there is no numerical value.

- SP(One character) : Space[ ](20H)
- U1~U3 (One to three character): Unit

Unit	Output	ASCII code
g	g	(67H)
kg	kg	(6BH)(67H)
carat	ct	(63H) (74H)
ounce	oz	(6FH) (7AH)
pound	lb	(6CH) (62H)
troy ounce	ozt	(6FH) (7AH) (74H)
penny weight	dwt	(64H) (77H) (74H)
grain	gr	(67H) (72H)
tael(Hong Kong)	tlh	(74H) (6CH) (68H)
tael(SG)	tls	(74H) (6CH) (73H)
tael(Taiwan)	tlt	(74H) (6CH) (74H)
momme	mom	(6DH) (6FH) (6DH)
tola	tla	(74H) (6CH) (61H)
parts counting	pcs	(70H) (63H) (73H)
percentage weighing	%	(25H)
unit converting	#	(23H)

(\*\*H) : ASCII code △ : Space

- \* This format has a variable length, with the number of characters varying from one to three depending on the unit.
- <CR><LF>: terminator

Example:

[ <i>123.456</i> g]	: SASAA123.456Ag <cr><lf></lf></cr>
[o - E ]	: S∆+ <cr><lf></lf></cr>
[ <i>ω</i> - <i>Ε</i> -  - ]	: S∆- <cr><lf></lf></cr>

# 13.1 Printer Setting

- (1) Use CSP-160 or CSP-240 with the balance.
- (2) Set proper print functions (print control) with the balance referring to the instruction manual for your printer.

The factory default of our printer is manual printing (printer control).

(3) Make the baud rate and other settings compatible between the balance and the printer.

# 13.2 Saving CAL and span test results

1 Set Function1.	Set the ISO/GLP/GMP compatible item to $[E \ \Box \ L \ P \ ]$ and set the GLP compatible item for measurement data to $[E \ \ L \ \Box \ \sqcup \ L \ ]$ .
	Then, press the Set key to return to the weight display.
2 Performs span adjustment/span test.	During output, it indicates $[b \sqcup 5 \lor \Box]$ or an error display and it looks like the balance is frozen. However, this is a normal operation. Wait until the output operation is completed.

# 13.3 Measurement Data Output in Compliance with ISO/GLP/GMP

1 Set Function1.	Set the ISO/GLP/GMP compatible item to $[\pounds \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
2 Header output	Press and hold the Print key for a while. The display indicates [ <i>H E R d</i> ] and a header is output.
3 Measurement data output	Measurement data can be output at any time during measurements.
4 Footer output ↓ Footer output ↓ Footer output Footer output Footer output	Press and hold the <u>Print</u> key for a while after the measurement is completed. The display indicates [F 上] and a footer is output.

# Caution

(1) Upon printing calibration/span test results or ISO/GLP/GMP compatible outputs, date and time data is also printed. Check the date and time set in the balance before printing. (Refer to Section 10: Date and time)

Check the date and time set in the balance before printing. (Refer to Section 10: Date and Time Setup in page 40).

- (2) Do not press any keys on the printer during printing.
- \* Refer to Section 14 "Output in Compliance with ISO/GLP/GMP" described from page 68 for sample prints.

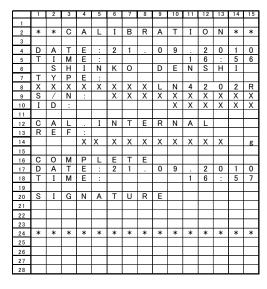
# 14 Output in Compliance with ISO/GLP/GMP

When a span adjustment or span test is successfully completed, the balance presents the results according to the following format. If span adjustment or a span test is not completed successfully, no data will be printed. The "X" entries in the following tables will vary with the model or the weight used. The line of external weight "ERR" or weight error is printed only when weight error is used according to the Function2 setting.

(1) Span adjustment with the built-in weight (auto-span adjustment)

#### English

#### Japanese (Katakana)



	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2	*	*	*				ゥ	セ	イ				*	*	*
3															
4	F	ッ	"	ケ	:	2	0	1	0		0	9		2	1
5	シ	"		ク	:						1	6	:	5	6
6		S	Н	Ι	Ν	К	0		D	Е	Ν	S	Н	Ι	
7	カ	タ	シ	+											
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	セ	イ	$\sim$	"	ン	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	П	ゥ	セ	1	(	ナ	1	フ	"	フ	ン	F	"	ゥ	)
13	+	シ	"	Ч	ン	:									
14				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
15															
16	シ	Ч	ゥ	リ	Э	ゥ									
17	F	ッ	"	ケ	:	2	0	1	0		0	9		2	1
18	シ	"		ク	:						1	6	:	5	7
19															
20	シ	ш	X	イ											
21															
22															
23															
24	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25															
26															
27															
28															

(2) Span adjustment with an external weight

#### English

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
-		2	3	4	5	0	/	8	9	10		12	13	14	15
1	*	*	С	А	1	I	В	R	А	т	I	0	N	*	*
2	Ť	Ť	U	A	L	1	Б	п	A	-	1	0	IN	*	Ť
3	<b>D</b>		Ŧ	-		0	-		0	0		0		1	0
4	D	A	Т	E	•	2	1	•	0	9	÷	2	0	1	0
5	Т	I	M	E	:	14	~		-	-	1	6	:	5	5
6	_	S	Н	I	Ν	К	0		D	Е	Ν	S	н	Ι	
7	Т	Y	Ρ	Е	:										
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	S	/	Ν	:		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	С	Α	L		Е	Х	Т	Е	R	Ν	Α	L			
13	R	Е	F	:											
14				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
15															
16	С	0	М	Р	L	Е	Т	Е							
17	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
18	Т	Ι	М	Е	:						1	6	:	5	6
19															
20	S	Ι	G	Ν	Α	Т	U	R	Е						
21															
22															
23															
24	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25															
26															
27															
28															
20				1											

#### Japanese (Katakana)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2	*	*	*			Э	ゥ	セ	1				*	*	*
3															
4	F	ッ	"	ケ	:	2	0	1	0		0	9		2	1
5	シ	"	Э	ク	:						1	6	:	5	6
6		S	Н	Ι	Ν	Κ	0		D	Е	Ν	S	Н	Ι	
7	カ	タ	シ	+											
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	セ	イ	$^{\prime}$	"	ン	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	п	ゥ	セ	イ	(	カ	"	イ	フ	"	フ	ン	7	"	ゥ
13	+	シ	"	ц	ン										
14				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
15															
16	シ	고	ゥ	リ	Е	ゥ									
17	F	ッ	"	ケ	:	2	0	1	0		0	9		2	1
18	シ	″	П	ク	:						1	6	:	5	7
19															
20	シ	Э	×	イ											
21															
22															
23															
24	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25															
26															
27															
28															

### English

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2	*	*	С	Α	L		Т	Е	S	Т	*	*	*	*	*
3															
4	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
5	Т	Ι	М	Е	:						1	6	:	5	6
6		S	Н	Ι	Ν	Κ	0		D	Е	Ν	S	Н	Ι	
7	Т	Y	Ρ	Е	:										
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	S	/	Ν			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	С	Α	L		Ι	Ν	Т		Т	Е	S	Т			
13	R	Е	F												
14				X F	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
15	D	Ι	F	F	:										
16				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
17															
18	С	0	М	Р	Ц	Е	Т	Е							
19	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
20	Т	Ι	М	Е	:						1	6	:	5	7
21															
22	S	Ι	G	Ν	Α	Т	U	R	Е						
23															
24															
25															
26	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
27															
28															
29															
30															

#### Japanese (Katakana)

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		_	4	3	4	5	0		•	9	10		12	13	14	15
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								-	-							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		*	*	*				T	~					*	*	*
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				"								_				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						:	2	0	1	0	•	-			_	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5	Ŷ														6
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6					Ν	K	0		D	E	Ν	S	н	I	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	7															
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	N	4	2	0	2	R
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	9	セ	イ	$^{\prime}$	"	ン	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	11															
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	12	テ	ス		(	ナ	イ	フ	"	フ	ン	١	"	ゥ	)	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	13	+	シ	"	고	ン	:									
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14							х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	х		g
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15	L	"	サ												
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	17															
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		シ	L	ゥ	IJ	э	ゥ									
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								0	1	0		0	9		2	1
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	_		"				-	-		-		1				7
22     i     j     j     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i     i </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>ŕ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td> <td>Ů</td> <td>L.</td> <td>Ŭ</td> <td></td>		-		_	ŕ							· ·	Ů	L.	Ŭ	
23		シ	7	×	イ											
24		-	-	-												
25																
26         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *         *																
27		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
28		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· ·		· ·		· ·	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		L .		Ĺ,
29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20																
	30															

(4) Span test with an external weight

### English

					5		7			10		10	10		4.5
-	1	2	3	4	э	6	/	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1							_	_		-		~			
2	*	*	С	Α	L	I	В	R	Α	Т	I	0	Ν	*	*
3															
4	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
5	Т	Ι	М	E	:						1	6	:	5	5
6		S	н	Ι	Ν	Κ	0		D	Е	Ν	S	Н	Ι	
7	Т	Υ	Р	Е	:										
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	S	/	Ν	:		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	С	Α	L		Е	Х	Т	Е	R	Ν	Α	L			
13	R	Е	F	:											
14		_		X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
15															
16	С	0	м	Р	L	Е	Т	Е							
17	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
18	T	I	M	E	:					-	1	6	:	5	6
19															
20	S	Ι	G	Ν	Α	Т	U	R	Е						
21															
22															
23															
24	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25															
26															
27															
28															

### Japanese (Katakana)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2	*	*	*				ゥ	セ	1				*	*	*
3															
4	F	ッ	"	ケ	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
5	シ	"		ク	:						1	6	:	5	5
6		S	н	Ι	Ν	К	0		D	Е	Ν	S	н	Ι	
7	カ	タ	シ	+	:										
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	セ	イ	$\sim$	"	ン	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	П	ゥ	セ	1	(	カ	"	1	フ	"	フ	ン	F	"	ゥ
13	+	シ	"	고	ン	:									
14				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
15															
16	シ	Ч	ゥ	リ	Е	ゥ									
17	F	ッ	"	ケ	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
18	シ	"		ク	:						1	6	:	5	6
19															
20	シ	н	X	イ											
21															
22															
23															
24	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
25															
26															
27															
28															

### (5) Printing of measurement data

1) Header

#### English

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2		S	Н	Ι	Ν	Κ	0		D	Е	Ν	S	Н	Ι	
3	Т	Υ	Р	Е	:										
4	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
5	S	/	Ν	:		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
6	Ι	D	:							Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
7															
8	S	Т	Α	R	Т										
9	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	2		0	9		2	0	1	0
10	Т	Ι	М	Е	•••						1	3	•••	0	0
11															

### Japanese (Katakana)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2		S	Н	Ι	Ν	Κ	0		D	Ε	Ν	S	Н	Ι	
3	カ	タ	シ	+	:										
4	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
5	セ	イ	ハ	"	ン	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
6	Ι	D								Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
7															
8	カ	イ	シ												
9	F	ッ	"	ケ		2	0	1	0		0	9		2	2
10	シ	"	п	ク	:						1	3	:	0	0
11															

### 2) Footer

### English

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2	Е	Ν	D												
3	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	2		0	9		2	0	1	0
4	Т	Ι	М	Е							1	6		0	0
5															
6	S	Ι	G	Ν	Α	Т	U	R	Е						
7															
8															
9															
10	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
11															
12															
13															
14															

#### Japanese (Katakana)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1															
2	シ	Ч	ゥ	リ	П	ゥ									
3	F	ッ	"	ケ	•••	2	0	1	0	•	0	9		2	2
4	シ	"	П	ク	:						1	6	:	0	0
5															
6	シ	п	X	イ											
7															
8															
9															
10	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
11															
12															
13															
14															

### (6) Calibration of Built-in Weight

### English

_	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	-	2	3	4	5	0		0	3	10		12	15	14	15
1	*	*	*	*	R	Е	F		С	•		*	*	*	*
2	*	*	*	*	ĸ	E	F	•	C	Α	L	*	*	*	*
3	-		-	-		•									
4	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	1		0	9	•	2	0	1	0
5	Т	Ι	М	Е	:						1	6	:	5	6
6		S	Н	Ι	Ν	Κ	0		D	Е	Ν	S	Н	Ι	
7	Т	Y	Р	Е	:										
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	S	/	Ν	:		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D								Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	R	Е	F												
13				Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		g
14															
15	С	0	М	Ρ	L	Е	Т	Е							
16	D	Α	Т	Е	:	2	1		0	9		2	0	1	0
17	Т	Ι	М	Е	:						1	6	:	5	8
18															
19	S	Ι	G	Ν	Α	Т	U	R	Е						
20															
21															
22															
23	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
24															
25															
26															
27															

### Japanese (Katakana)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1					"										
2	*	ナ	1	フ		フ	ン	1		ゥ		ゥ	セ	1	*
3						ļ					ļ				
4	F	ッ	"	ケ	:	2	0	1	0		0	9		2	1
5	シ	"		ク	:						1	6	:	5	6
6		S	Н	Ι	Ν	K	0		D	Е	N	S	н	Ι	
7	カ	タ	シ	+	:										
8	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	L	Ν	4	2	0	2	R
9	セ	1	1	"	ン	X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
10	Ι	D	:			[				Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
11															
12	+	シ	"	고	シ	:									
13				Х	Х	X	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х		g
14						1			<b></b>						
15	シ	Ъ	ゥ	IJ	Э	ゥ									
16	E	3	"	ケ		2	0	1	0		0	9		2	1
17	シ	"	-	ク	:						1	6	:	5	8
18									-		-				-
19	シ	Э	×	イ											
20			-												
21						1									
22			1		1										
23	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
24		-							<u> </u>						
25		·	ĺ		İ	İ					1				
26						<b></b>									
27						1			1		-				

# 15 Operate on Batteries

This function can only be used with a balance equipped with optional batteries. The battery option is unavailable for LN\*\*R series units.

# 15.1 Specifications

- Built-in batteries
- Charge time: About 15 hours
- Operation time: About 6 hours of continuous operation
- Can be recharged: More than 300 times

# 15.2 Recharging Batteries

- A [ I icon is displayed when the balance is operated on batteries. As the battery gets weaker, the sign is changed into [ I ] or [ I ] (flashing). When the icon changes to [ I ] (flashing), follow the steps below to charge the batteries.
  - (1) Connect the AC adapter supplied with the balance.
  - (2) Turn the balance off.
  - (3) Wait about 15 hours until the batteries are fully recharged.

# 15.3 Precautions Relating to Use

- 1. Disconnect the AC adapter after the batteries are recharged. The balance operated on batteries is slightly charged while it is in use (turned on). <u>Do not continue to charge batteries after they are recharged, because that may shorten their life.</u>
- 2. When you use the balance for the first time after purchase, battery operation time may be shorter than usual because of natural discharge.
- 3. If nothing is displayed or the display is turned off in a minute after you turn on the balance or the display is turned off after a succession of short beeps, the batteries may be weak. Recharge the batteries or operate the balance on the AC adapter.

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- 1. Do not disassemble or modify the batteries. Avoid the reverse wiring of positive and negative poles or a short circuit. Such mishandling may damage the batteries, or cause the balance to fail or ignite.
- 2. Be sure to use the AC adapter supplied with the balance. A different AC adapter may cause the batteries to generate heat or explode.
- 3. Do not put the batteries into a fire because they may explode.

\* Parentheses contain a page to refer to.

Symptom	Cause	Measures to Take
No display	<ul><li>The AC adapter is not connected.</li><li>The batteries are exhausted.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>→ Ensure that the AC adapter is connected.</li> <li>→ Recharge the batteries (page 71).</li> </ul>
The display is unstable.	The balance is influenced by wind or vibration.	$\rightarrow$ Read Precautions Relating to Use (pages 2 to 4).
The display takes time to be stabilized.	The balance is placed on an unstable base.	
The display does not move with the M sign flashing.	• The pan, tare, or sample put on the balance is in contact with an external object.	
Weight indication	Tare range is set incorrectly.	$\rightarrow$ Set the tare range correctly.
contains an error.	• The adjusters are not settled, and the balance is not kept horizontal.	$\rightarrow$ Check that the balance is kept horizontal (page 8).
	• The display error is caused because the balance has not been used for a long period of time or has been relocated to another location.	→ Perform span adjustment of the balance (page 43).
$[\Box - E - r]$ appears before the capacity is reached.	• The capacity is reached by the weight including the tare weight. (Measurement range is for the sum of container and sample weight.)	$\rightarrow$ Check the total weight. $\rightarrow$ Review the container.
	• The mechanism section was damaged for some reason.	
[ <i>山 - E - r</i> ] is displayed.	• There is a foreign object trapped between the pan (or pan base) and the balance.	ightarrow Remove the pan and examine the surface on which the pan was placed.
	• The mechanism section was damaged for some reason.	
$[\underline{\mathcal{L}} - \underline{\mathcal{E}} - \underline{\mathcal{F}}]$ is displayed.	The internal clock has failed.	$\rightarrow$ Contact your local dealer.
[b - E] is displayed.	The balance is influenced by static electricity or noise.	ightarrow Contact your local dealer.
[ <i>ḋ - 돈 ┌ ┌</i> ] is displayed.	• The electric components of the balance have failed.	
The display is turned off when the balance is operated on batteries.	The display was turned off by the auto power off function.	→ Turn the power on again. Disable the auto power off function if desired (page 47).
The [ <b>I</b> ] icon blinks. No display	<ul> <li>The batteries were exhausted.</li> </ul>	$\rightarrow$ Recharge the batteries (page 71).
		$\rightarrow$ Operate the balance on the AC adapter.
[R - E] is displayed.	The built-in weight drive unit has have failed.	$\rightarrow$ Contact your local dealer.

# 17.1 Basic Specifications

Model	LN 223	LN 323	LN 423	LN 623	LN 1202	LN 2202	LN 3202	LN 4202
Item	LN 223R	LN 323R	LN 423R	LN 623R	LN 1202R	LN 2202R	LN 3202R	LN 4202R
Weighing capacity [g]	220g	320g	420g	620g	1200g	2200g	3200	4200
Minimum readability [g]	0.001g	0.001g	0.001g	0.001g	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g
Parts counting Minimum unit weight [g]	0.001g	0.001g	0.001g	0.001g	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g
Percentage Lower weight limit [g]	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	1g	1g	1g	1g
Size of measurement pan	120 × 140[mm] 200 × 200[mm]							
Span adjustment method	LN series: External weight is used LN**R series: Internal or external weight is used							

Model	LN 6202	LN 8201	LN 12001	LN 15001	LN 21001	LN 31001		
Weighing capacity [g]	6200g	8200g	12000g	15000g	21000g	31000g		
Minimum readability [g]	0.01g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g		
Parts counting Minimum unit weight [g]	0.01g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g		
Percentage Lower weight limit [g]	1g	10g	10g	10g	10g	10g		
Size of measurement pan		200 × 20	00[mm]		220 × 2	50[mm]		
Span adjustment method	Span adjustment with external weight							

# 17.2 Common Specifications

(1)	Weight measurement method:	Tuning fork system
(2)	Tare range	Full capacity
(3)	Display:	The FIP segment can display up to 8 digits.
		The segment is 12.5 mm high, and displays 8 digits for a weight.
		Can display a bar graph of up to 40 bars and various messages.
(4)	Overload display:	$[\Box - E]$ is displayed when the weighing capacity is exceeded by 9 divisions.
(5)	Output: ·····	Bi-direction RS232C output, output for peripherals
(6)	Supported printer:	CSP-160, CSP-240
(7)	Operation temperature/humidity range:	5 to 35°C, 80%RH or lower
(8)	AC adapter:	Dedicated AC adapter: 12VDC/120VAC or
		12VDC/230VAC
(9)	•	Hook for hanging <sup>*1</sup> Battery option <sup>*2</sup> Buzzer option Limit contact output option Full pack option RS422 option <sup>*3</sup>

\*1 For 1200g~15kg Capacity models only.
(Inside is installed hook for under weighing for 220g~620g,21kg and 31kg model.)

- \*2 unavailable for LN\*\*R series
- \*3 When the RS422 option is selected, the D-SUB9P connector is replaced with an RS422 connector.

Model								
	LN223	LN323	LN423	LN623	LN1202	LN2202	LN3202	LN4202
Unit_of measuremant	LN223R	LN323R	LN423R	LN623R	LN1202R	LN2202R	LN3202R	LN4202R
~	220	320	420	620	1200	2200	3200	4200
g	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
ka	0.22	0.32	0.42	0.62	1.2	2.2	3.2	4.2
kg	0.000001	0.000001	0.000001	0.000001	0.00001	0.00001	0.00001	0.00001
ርቲ (ct)	1100	1600	2100	3100	6000	11000	16000	21000
<b>CT</b> (ct)	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
<b>dz</b> (oz)	7.7	11	14	21	42	77	110	140
	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
<b>ib</b> (Ib)	0.48	0.7	0.92	1.3	2.6	4.8	7	9.2
<b>iD</b> (lb)	0.000005	0.000005	0.000005	0.000005	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005
<b>ወጀ ቲ</b> (ozt)	7	10	13	19	38	70	100	130
	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
<b>ሰ</b> ሥካቴ (dwt)	140	200	270	390	770	1400	2000	2700
UPNL (dwt)	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
<b>GN</b> (grain)	3300	4900	6400	9500	18000	33000	49000	64000
GN (grain)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
七	5.8	8.5	11	16	32	58	85	110
(Hong Kong)	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
	5.8	8.4	11	16	31	58	84	110
(Singapore, Malaysia)	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
<u></u>	5.8	8.5	11	16	32	58	85	110
(Taiwan)	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.00005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
mom (mommo)	58	85	110	160	320	580	850	1100
mom (momme)	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
<b>to</b> (to)	18	27	36	53	100	180	270	360
<b>TD</b> (to)	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001

# 17.3 Minimum Display by Unit of Measurement

\* The view of the table

1	Upper cell: Capacity
	Lower cell: Readability

Model						
Unit_of measuremant	LN6202	LN8202	LN12001	LN15001	LN21001	LN31001
`````````````````````````````````	6200	8200	12000	15000	21000	31000
g	0.01	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	6.2	8.2	12	15	21	31
kg	0.00001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
ርቲ (ct)	31000	41000	60000	75000	100000	150000
<b>CT</b> (ct)	0.05	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
<b>OZ</b> (oz)	210	280	420	520	740	1000
01 (02)	0.0005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
<b>ib</b> (lb)	13	18	26	33	46	68
<b>iD</b> (lb)	0.00005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
oz ቲ (ozt)	190	260	380	480	670	990
	0.0005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
dレッた (dwt)	3900	5200	7700	9600	13000	19000
	0.01	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
GN (grain)	95000	120000	180000	230000	320000	470000
GN (grain)	0.2	2	2	2	2	2
- ti	160	210	320	400	560	820
(Hong Kong)	0.0005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
せ	160	210	310	390	550	820
(Singapore, Malaysia)	0.0005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
+ 1	160	210	320	400	560	820
🛨 (Taiwan)	0.0005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
mom (momme)	1600	2100	3200	4000	5600	8200
moni (monine)	0.005	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
<b>to</b> (to)	530	700	1000	1200	1800	2600
<b>TO</b> (to)	0.001	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01

### \* The view of the table

Upper cell: Capacity	
Lower cell: Readability	

# **18 Conversion Table of Units**

Unit	Gram	carat	Ounce	Pound	troy ounce	Penny Weight
1g	1	5	0.03527	0.00220	0.03215	0.64301
1ct	0.2	1	0.00705	0.00044	0.00643	0.12860
1oz	28.34952	141.74762	1	0.06250	0.91146	18.22917
1lb	453.59237	2267.96185	16	1	14.58333	291.66667
1ozt	31.10348	155.51738	1.09714	0.06857	1	20
1dwt	1.55517	7.77587	0.05486	0.00343	0.05	1
1GN	0.06480	0.32399	0.00229	0.00014	0.00208	0.04167
1tl (HK)	37.429	187.145	1.32027	0.08252	1.20337	24.06741
1tl (SGP,Mal)	37.79936	188.99682	1.33333	0.08333	1.21528	24.30556
1tl (Taiwan)	37.5	187.5	1.32277	0.08267	1.20565	24.11306
1mom	3.75	18.75	0.13228	0.00827	0.12057	2.41131
1to	11.66380	58.31902	0.41143	0.02571	0.37500	7.5

unit	Grain	tael (Hong Kong)	tael (Singapore, Malaysia)	tael (Taiwan)	momme	Tola
1g	15.43236	0.02672	0.02646	0.02667	0.26667	0.08574
1ct	3.08647	0.00534	0.00529	0.00533	0.05333	0.01715
1oz	437.5	0.75742	0.75	0.75599	7.55987	2.43056
1lb	7000	12.11874	12	12.09580	120.95797	38.88889
1ozt	480	0.83100	0.82286	0.82943	8.29426	2.66667
1dwt	24	0.04155	0.04114	0.04147	0.41471	0.13333
1GN	1	0.00173	0.00171	0.00173	0.01728	0.00556
1tl (HK)	577.61774	1	0.99020	0.99811	9.98107	3.20899
1tl (SGP,Mal)	583.33333	1.00990	1	1.00798	10.07983	3.24074
1tl (Taiwan)	578.71344	1.00190	0.99208	1	10	3.21507
1mom	57.87134	0.10019	0.09921	0.1	1	0.32151
1to	180	0.31162	0.30857	0.31103	3.11035	1